台灣半導體股份有限公司 TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.

2022 Annual General Meeting (On-site meeting)

Meeting Agenda (Translation)

June 21, 2022

Table of Contents

Meeting Agenda
Report Items2
Approval Items26
Discussion Items
Appendix 1: Article of Incorporation
Appendix 2: Convention Rules for Shareholders Meetings
Appendix 3: TSC Directors' Shareholdings94
Appendix 4: Impact of The Effect of Stock Dividend Distributions on Operating Results,
EPS, and Return on Equity; the Information Related to Employees' and
Directors' Compensation95

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.

Agenda of the 2022 Annual General Meeting

Time: 9:00 a.m. on June 21 (Tuesday), 2022

Place: No.96, Meizhou 2nd Rd., Yilan City, Yilan County 260023, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

(TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD. Yilan factory)

Attendants: (All Shareholders and their proxy holder)

Meeting Agenda:

- 1. Commencement
- 2. Chairman's Address
- 3. Report Items (Please refer to Page 2 25)
 - (1) 2021 Business Report and 2022 Annual Business Plan Report
 - (2) Audit Committee's 2021 Review Report
 - (3) Status report on the Endorsement and Guarantee, Loaning of Company Funds, Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets, the Trading of Financial Derivatives of the Company and its subsidiaries in 2021
 - (4) Report on 2021 employees' profit sharing bonus and directors' compensation
- (5) To Amend the company's Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles (Original name: Corporate Social Responsibility Principles)
 - (6) Report on the performance evaluation and compensation report of directors and managers
- 4. Approval Items (Please refer to Page 26 46)
 - (1) To accept 2021 Business Report and Financial Statements
 - (2) To approve the company's 2021 earnings distribution
- 5. Discussion Items (Please refer to Page 47 81)
 - (1) To Amend the Rules for Election of Directors
 - (2) To Amend the Convention Rules for Shareholder Meeting
- 6. Extraordinary Motions
- 7. Adjournment

Report Items

Report Items

1. 2021 Business Report and 2022 Annual Business Plan Report

Explanatory Notes: Please refer to Page 4~10 of the Meeting Agenda for the Business Report

1. 2021 Business Report

(1) Implementation of Business Plan

The Company's and its subsidiaries major businesses included the production and sale of rectifiers and barcode printers. In 2021, the earnings per share after tax was NT\$3.55. The 2021 consolidated operating revenue, gross profit, operating income, net income before tax, net income, comprehensive income, and after-tax earnings per share compared to 2020 is presented below:

Unit: NT\$ thousand

	Implem	entation of Business P	lan	
Item	2021	2020	Increase	
			(decrease)	
Operating revenue	13,177,417	10,390,279	26.82%	
Gross Profit	4,127,721	3,171,243	30.16%	
Operating Income	1,908,907	1,261,593	51.31%	
Net income before tax	1,947,632	1,328,814	46.57%	
Net income	1,381,895	992,349	39.25%	
Comprehensive income	1,269,814	938,925	35.24%	
Net income attributable to the	882,805	537,242	64.32%	
Parent Company	337,242		04.32/0	
Comprehensive income				
attributable to the Parent	809,542	525,988	53.91%	
Company				
After-tax earnings per share	2 55	2.29	55.02%	
(NT\$)	3.55	2.29	33.02%	

- (2) Budget Implementation: The Company did not disclose its financial forecasts of the year of 2020, so it is not necessary to publicly disclose the implementation of the budget.
- (3) Financial Status and Profitability

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Item	Annı	ual revenue and expendit	ure
	2021	2020	Increase(decrease)
Interest Revenue	14,541	14,459	0.57%
Interest Expense	30,911	36,083	(14.33%)

	Item	2021	2020
Financial	Total debt to assets (%)	42.28	46.35
Structure	Long-term asset to real estate, plant		
	and equipment ratio (%)	259.53	221.08
Liquidity	Current ratio (%)	206.04	163.88
Analysis	Quick ratio (%)	145.12	120.38
Profitability	Return on assets (%)	9.19	7.04
	Return on equity (%)	16.19	12.95

Profit ratio (%)	10.49	9.55
After-tax earnings per share (NT\$)	3.55	2.29

(4) Research and Development

(A) Rectifier

To increase our overall competitiveness and gross margin, the Company invests a great deal of manpower and budget every year in collecting market information, analyzing market demand, and setting the direction and strategy for new product development. As most of the mainstream products in the market today are becoming thin and light, our products are also actively developing toward small, energy-saving, and comprehensive in order to develop new markets. We have developed and increased market penetration in personal handheld products, automotive electronics, industrial control industry and white goods market.

In recent years, with self-developed chip technology and the advantage of automated packaging, we have continued to develop Schottky rectifier, MOSFET, ESD protection, automotive LED driver, automotive low dropout voltage regulator and other products.

The development of the new generation of trench Schottky rectifier, Super Junction MOSFET, and Split Gate Technology MOSFET that can effectively reduce conduction loss and switching loss to meet market trends and needs for environmental protection, energy-saving, and low power consumption. These new technologies will be developed in a full range to facilitate the promotion of active and passive safety applications for automotive electronics, industrial, communications, and energy industries.

Fully automated die bonding technology and fully automated high-speed packaging, testing and printing technology have been fully introduced, which is conducive to enhancing product reliability and significantly increasing output and reducing costs to expand market share and enhance profitability. Packaging technology has developed higher current density surface mount power device components, which surpasses the European, American and Japanese top tier manufacturers.

The development of ESD protection has been focused on multi-channel, ultra-low junction capacitance and miniature packaging. Corresponding to the application of various high-frequency transmission ports in the market, such as ESD protections on USB3.1, USB3.0, USB2.0, HDMI2.0 ports.

The Company has put a full range of LED lighting product lines into mass production, which can be applied to various solutions including isolation, non-isolation and dimming features. The dimming series covers existing dimming methods such as linear dimming, PWM dimming, etc., as well as various integrated high-voltage MOSFET solutions, which have reached maturity and have been adopted by international manufacturers, and which has continued to grow steadily. Facing a low-price, competitive market in China, the company actively seeks products with higher quality and gross profit. The Company also cooperates with customers to develop customized products, particularly focusing on automotive products as it has been the main R&D project in recent years, including the automotive LED Driver ICs, which can cover all kinds of voltage and applications of automotive lighting, such as headlamps, tail lamps, fog lamps, daytime running lamps and so on. Various low power consumption and high output current automotive low-dropout and low power consumption regulator ICs are also being developed, which can be used to supply 3.3V and 5V voltage regulators to automotive MCUs, and some of them have been developed independently. The Company has invested more manpower and equipment costs in the verification of vehicle regulations and is now gradually passing the qualification of AEC-Q100 standard. We hope to gain the recognition of automotive customers with high quality and service.

(B) Barcode printer

With the increase in applications for automatic identification in the global market, the Company spent NT\$212,892 thousand on research and development in 2021, accounting for 3% of the annual sales. In addition to developing new generation products and applications in new fields, the Company will continue to register patents and increase capital expenditures on labeling paper supplies to develop new product, strengthen competitiveness and ensure sustainable growth.

2. 2022 Business Plan

- (1) Business Policy
- (A) Rectifier
 - (1) Continue to create global marketing channels to increase global market share
 - (2) Strengthen the professional marketing team both domestically and internationally. Providing technical and comprehensive services to customers and improve our brand image
 - (3) Continue to expand our R&D team to create and maintain leading technology and rapidly develop next-generation products
 - (4) Continue to develop and implement the most advanced production equipment to increase profitability by increasing productivity and reducing costs
 - (5) Actively develop new packaging technologies and higher current density surface mount power device packages to meet market demand
 - (6) Seek cooperation with world known companies
 - (7) Continue to develop small signal products for automotive applications and offer a comprehensive product line for automotive electronics
 - (8) Actively promote automotive analog ICs, SOI MOSFET, LED driver ICs, and high power density products to enhance product value and profitability with integrated solution sales and win customers' trust and reliance.
 - (9) Continue the development and production of upstream wafer products to integrate upstream and downstream supply, and ensure stable supply of key raw materials and absolute cost advantage
 - (10) Develop new products with big international companies to create high profitability with oligopoly supply chain

(B) Barcode printer

The Company continues to develop the manufacturing and service of automatic identification system, actively expand the marketing channels of the low, middle and high-end product lines, and continue to plan upstream and downstream strategic investments, deepen the operation of the Company's own brand in all regions of the world, and expand the manufacturing and service of hardware and software. The Company also intends to increase customer usage of intelligent services for automatic identification system, so as to provide customers with a more complete service network and develop new growth momentum.

(2) Important Production and Marketing Policies

(A) Rectifier

The Company's industry is a semi-conductor industry. The Company's current production and sales policy is a combination of build to stock and make-to-order production. In this regard, the annual production and sales policy is formulated based on overall industrial market development, market supply and demand, the Company's established capacity and inventory level. Depending on the actual order status, it can be adjusted at any time to maintain the optimal inventory level.

(B) Bar Code printer

Future production and marketing policies will focus on the following:

- 1. Ensure stability and quality of supplies from important suppliers and maintain appropriate inventory levels and turnover rates
- 2. Strengthen the education and training of regional distributors to enhance sales
- 3. Continue to develop emerging markets and mature markets.

(3) Operation Goals

(A) Rectifier

The Company's main products are rectifier diodes and analog ICs. Taking into account the competition and market conditions, the sales projection for 2021 is as follows:

Products	2022 sales projection	2021 actual sales
Rectifier Diode	6,131,259(kpcs)	4,858,727(kpcs)
Small signal products	1,651,481(kpcs)	1,655,429(kpcs)
MOSFET	258,034(kpcs)	257,626(kpcs)
Analog IC	143,418(kpcs)	93,706(kpcs)

Technical Marketing comprehensive promotion with a total solution for different industries. Because of the increasing popularity of hybrid electric vehicles and electric vehicles in the automotive electronics market, the market demand for power devices has increased dramatically. The high power AC-DC converter, low loss MOSFET (FET), low loss voltage regulator, surge absorber (TVS), electrostatic protection, fast recovery diode, and transistor continue selling to European, American, and Japanese companies, in the meantime, the Company developed the rapidly growing Chinese and Indian automotive electronics companies. Due to the regulation amendment in vehicle lighting, it is necessary to install daytime lighting. Also, due to energy-saving and new lighting product trends, LED lighting is rapidly emerging in automotive applications, and the capacity is growing to multiply many times. The company also provides overall solutions actively in the vehicle lighting market, and introduces them to European, American, and Japanese automotive electronics manufacturers.

In addition to the existing products of high power Bridge Rectifier and high power rectifier for automobile and locomotive charging systems, the new product high power MOS is adopted as an automotive electronics certificated manufacturer, which shortens the certification time.

In the LED lighting industry, the new products LED module and LED driver, which contains simplified constant current rectifying function design, with a full range of solutions including surface mount Bridge rectifier, Schottky, MOSFET, Small-signal products, promote the high demanded Ball steep light and striplight to the American and European lighting companies. In addition to small lighting products, the new products also develop the AC-DC LED applications and are imported into American and Japanese manufacturers.

The industrial application market is dominated by foreign competitors, especially the renewable energy industry (solar systems and power converters) has the characteristics of low substitution and high gross margin, which is difficult for the local and Chinese manufacturers to introduce. The Company has a long-term experience of high quality control and performance in the automobile electronics industry and the fast globalized local design service. In addition to the existing products, new products like fast recovery rectifier, low loss high junction temperature Trench Schottky, and low loss high power MOSFET are being promoted all-inclusively.

In recent years, the considerable business opportunities in automobile electronics, detecting instruments, industrial control, and major appliances markets attract more and more foreign manufacturers to enter. The Company will develop the different specifications of Hall effect IC and flux collector, which are used in automobiles, industry, major appliances, and the consumer market. In these markets, these ICs are used in different kinds of measurement of position and angle. Take automobile electronics electoral power steering system as an example, linearity and angle Hall effect IC collector can measure the angle, running torque, and an engine speed of the steering wheel.

To consolidate the existing product lines and promote the consumer electronics industry, like TV, PC/Tablet, STB, Home appliance, Gaming, GPS, the Company continues to increase the amount of shipment like Bridge rectifier, MOS, Schottky, Zener diode, switching diode, different types of the voltage regulator, high recovery rectifier etc.

The TVs combine with internet and video function, high frequency, and multiple connecting ports. To protect ICs, the electrostatic protection component and wave filtering component are more needed. The development of new series of electrostatic protection products includes multiple output Array and combine with EMI Filter. Under the need of Eco-Friendly, all end products are pursuing high efficiency and low loss. The new products develop low-impedance MOS, low loss voltage regulator, low loss bridge rectifier, Ultra-low capacitance electrostatic protection component, etc.

Machine to Machine, because of the need for revolutionary applications due to the rise of the Internet of Things and the 5G communication smart city, the Ultra-low loss SOI MOSFET and low power trench Schottky, high power low voltage small patch TVS are being promoted.

(B) Bar Code Printer

The major income source is the sales, service, and sales of label paper of the automatic recognition printer. Since the introduction of the COVID-19 Vaccine in 2021, the global economy continues to recover, the need for industries like manufacture, transport, logistics, ecommerce, retailing, and financial, etc. increases rapidly. The estimated sale amount in 2021 as follow.

Unit: Thousand

Products	2022 sales projection	2021 actual sales
Automatic	800	700
identification printer		

- 3. Future Development Strategies and Influence from External Competition, Regulations and Macrooperating Environment
 - (1) Future Development Strategies
 - (A) Rectifier: Continuing to innovate technology, accelerate research and development, increase product value, complete upstream and downstream deployment and investment opportunities in China to strengthen integration benefits.
 - (B) Bar Code printer: The Company continues to expand market share and enhance competitive advantage by marketing our own brand, optimizing aftersales services and improving the quality of customer services, and continuing to provide a comprehensive one-stop services to create opportunities for multi-win growth.
- (2) Influence from External Competition
 - (A) Rectifier

The subsidy policy of local governments gives China's semiconductor manufacturers the advantage of competing at a low price, which has a certain impact on the low-end application market. The company is still focusing on the development of higher specification products, from wider penetration of consumer electronics, automotive electronics, industrial control to medical and communication equipment. We expect to achieve a balanced development of low, medium and high application markets and to occupy more areas with higher entry barriers to maintain a larger gap with competitors and improve profitability. Currently, the Company's new technology development and existing high-end products are comparable to or even surpassing the world's first-class manufacturers, and we expect to develop more innovative and revolutionary products to surpass our world-class competitors and make outstanding contributions to environmental protection, energy savings and carbon reduction.

(B) Bar Code printer

As the demand for automatic identification becomes more life-oriented and common, the demand for auto-recognition printing is becoming more and more active. In the face of the external competitive environment, the Company continues to develop innovative technologies, strengthen core capabilities for resource integration and interdisciplinary development, expand market cooperation and links, and actively face external challenges with the goal of profitability and stable growth.

(3) Influence from Regulations

(A) Rectifier

For adapting EU RoHS regulation, the Company provides all series of non-halogen products, which are popular among the consumer companies from Europe, America, Japan, and Korea. EISA2007 (Energy VI Efficiency) that demands higher standby power consumption and power conversion efficiency of the electric products, has been executed since 2016. For power devices, the wastage of electric property of rectifier and MOSFET should be lower and a smaller packaging should be used. Major appliances are affected the most. To cope with the legal requirement, they must be switched to variable frequency voltage source due to the large consumption of motor and compressor. The starter motor requires a higher voltage and soft switching ability for the power components. The power components in major appliances with DC frequency conversion have to concur with EMI factors, therefore it is difficult for other low-cost appeal companies to compare the excellent research and development ability of TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR Co., LTD. Additionally, due to the promoted policy of renewable energy, the need for solar energy and renewable energy source is highly requested by not only developed countries like North America, Japan, and Europe but also other emerging markets. Our new products with low consumption of high junction temperature Schottky can combine with solar module and power converter when used.

With the improvement of the battery technic in electric vehicles, the charging specification has changed from AC to DC 600V direct charging. The power system of vehicles will also change from a 12V 24V system to a 48V system. For this changing power system, the design pool of the original suppliers needs to be replaced with a new specification. It is a good design point for our new products high-voltage fast recovery diode, ultra-low power consumption rectifier, and trench Schottky.

(B) Bar Code Printer

There haven't been significant influences for the Company that attributes to the important policy and law changes domestic and foreign in recent years.

(4)Influence from Macro-operating Environment

(A) Rectifier

Global Service-Customer management system and regional industrial development expand the global division of labor without borders. The Company uses customer management to respond to the rapidly changing electronics industry. Products from big companies around the world are locally original designed, then be delivered and produced in various places. Through "Account management", OEM and IPO can achieve a perfect order service.

Regional industrial development helps to balance and to strengthen the product structure. North American market focuses on automobiles, industry, telecommunication, and illumination. Japanese market focus on automobiles and industry. The European market focuses on automotive electronics, industry, renewable energy sources, and illumination. Chinese market focuses on consumer electronics, automobiles, and industry. The domestic demand market of emerging markets like India, South Asia, Russia, and South America expands due to the rapid growth of the middle class. Basic telecommunication, cable lighting construction, Home appliance, and Telecom, etc. are the industries that have been introduced into.

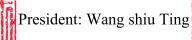
In the rapidly changing economy, the global configuration strategy of the Company has shown its efficiency and vision regarding OEM without frontiers and spreading the risk of the differences between strong and weak regional economics.

(B) Bar Code Printer

The Company follows all changes of regulation.

In the future, with the growing stability and the expansion of the applied field of rectifier and bar code printer markets, the Company and each subsidiary company will uphold our innovative, professional, and dedicated corporate philosophy. Also, keep strengthening the research and development and salability, improve our performance, and company profits, in order share the profits with the stockholders, clients, and employees.

Chairman: Wang shiu Ting





CFO: Cheng I-Cheng



No.2:

Audit Committee's 2021 Review Report

Explanation:

The 2021 Audit Committee's Review Report is attached as P.12.

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR Co., LTD.

Audit Committee's Review Report

The Board of Directors has prepared the business report, individual financial report, consolidated financial report, and surplus earnings distribution proposal of 2021 of the company. Among them, the individual financial report and consolidated financial report were appointed by the board of directors to accountants Mei, Yuan-Zhen and Xu, Yu-Feng of KPMG to complete the audit and issue an audit report. The business report, individual financial report, consolidated financial report, and surplus earnings distribution proposal are reviewed by the Committee and found true and correct. The Committee hereby submits the aforementioned reports and proposal for approval in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act.

Submitted to:

2022 Annual General Meeting of TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR Co., LTD.

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR Co., LTD.

Convener of Audit Committee: Jhan Cian Long

整修

Audit Committeeman: Lin Bo Sheng

Audit Committeeman: Fan Hong Shu

Audit Committeeman: Ma Shu Chuang

述 胜 料

March 28, 2022

3. Status report on the Endorsement and Guarantee, Loaning of Company Funds, Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets, the Trading of Financial Derivatives of the Company and its subsidiaries in 2021.

Explanation:

- (1) The Endorsement and Guarantee of the Company and its subsidiaries:
 - 1. Until December 31, 2021, there is no Endorsement and Guarantee by the Company.
 - 2. Until December 31, 2021, there are USD 8 million of the aggregate balance of endorsements guarantees by its subsidiaries.
- (2) Loaning of Company Funds of the Company and its subsidiaries
 - 1. Until December 31, 2021, there is no loaning of the Company.
 - 2. Until December 31, 2021, the balance of loaning of each subsidiary is USD 20 million.
- (3) Acquisition and Disposal of Assets
 - None (It hasn't reached the level that shall announce and report. Buy-in and buy-out amount of the same security is under 300 million.)
- (4) Trading of Financial Derivatives
 - 1. The Company's realized profit of benefits of Trading of Financial Derivatives in 2021 is NTD 22,088 thousand and be listed under non-operating income. Until December 31, 2021, the trading transaction of unexpired financial derivatives is USD 6 million. The estimated unrealized profit is NTD 1,854 thousand.
 - 2. The subsidiary's realized profit of benefits of Trading of Financial Derivatives in 2021 is NTD 5,772 thousand and be listed under non-operating income. Until December 31, 2021, the trading transaction of unexpired financial derivatives is USD 1.9 million, 5 million euros, and NTD 83.394 millions. The estimated unrealized profit is NTD 2,618 thousand.

4. Report on 2021 employees' profit sharing bonus and directors' compensation

Explanation:

According to Article 20 of the Article of Incorporation, in 2021, the Company contributes 1% as the remuneration of the directors (NTD 10,816,125) and 6% of the employees' consideration (NTD 64,896,750). All will be paid by cash.

5. To Amend the company's Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles (Original name: Corporate Social Responsibility Practice Principles)

Explanation:

- (1) According to Public Announcement No. Securities-TPEx-Supervision-11000715832 of Taipei Exchange on December 13, 2021.
- (2) For the company's corporate social responsibility policy, refer to Corporate Social Responsibility Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and related Regulations to amend some articles of company's Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles. The comparison table of amendment and relevant content is below:

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR Co., LTD.

Comparison Table of Amendment of the company's Corporate Social Responsibility Principles

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	Corporate Social Responsibility	Sustainable Development Best Practice	Amend
	Principles	Principles	the
			name:
			Follow
			the
			internat
			ional
			trend
			and
			implem
			ent the
			goal of
			sustaina
			ble
			develop
			ment
1	To implement TAIWAN	To implement TAIWAN	Amend
	SEMICONDUCTOR Co.,	SEMICONDUCTOR Co.,	ment:
	LTD.'s(hereinafter referred to as "the	LTD.'s(hereinafter referred to as "the	Text
	company') corporate social responsibility	company') corporate social responsibility	revision
	policy, refer to Corporate Social	policy, refer to Corporate Social	Based
	Responsibility Practice Principles for	Responsibility Practice Principles for	on the
	TWSE / TPEx Listed Companies and	TWSE / TPEx Listed Companies and	principl
	related Regulations to amend some	related Regulations to amend some articles	es
	articles of company's Corporate Social	of company's Corporate Sustainable	
	Responsibility Practice Principles	Development Best Practice Principles	
		(hereinafter referred to as "the principle").	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	(hereinafter referred to as "the	The Principles apply to the entire	
	principle").	operations of each the company and its	
	The Principles apply to the entire	business group.	
	operations of each the company and its		
	business group.		
2	The company actively fulfills the corporate social responsibility in the course of it business operations so as to follow international development trends and to contribute to the economic development of the country, to improve	The company actively fulfills the corporate sustainable development in the course of it business operations so as to follow international development trends and to contribute to the economic development of the country, to improve the quality of life	Amend ment: Text revision Based on the
	the quality of life of employees, the community and society by acting as responsible corporate citizens, and to enhance competitive edges built on corporate social responsibility.	of employees, the community and society by acting as responsible corporate citizens, and to enhance competitive edges built on corporate sustainable development.	principl es
3	In fulfilling corporate social responsibility initiatives, the company shall, in its corporate management guidelines and business operations, give due consideration to the rights and interests of stakeholders and, while pursuing sustainable operations and profits, also give due consideration to the environment, society and corporate governance. The company shall, in accordance with the materiality principle, conduct risk assessments of environmental, social and corporate governance issues pertaining to company operations and establish the relevant risk management policy or strategy.	In fulfilling corporate sustainable development initiatives, the company shall, in its corporate management guidelines and business operations, give due consideration to the rights and interests of stakeholders and, while pursuing sustainable operations and profits, also give due consideration to the environment, society and corporate governance. The company shall, in accordance with the materiality principle, conduct risk assessments of environmental, social and corporate governance issues pertaining to company operations and establish the relevant risk management policy or strategy.	Amend ment: Text revision Based on the principl es
4	To implement corporate social responsibility initiatives, the company follows the principles below: 1.Exercise corporate governance. 2.Foster a sustainable environment.	To implement corporate sustainable development initiatives, the company follows the principles below: 1.Exercise corporate governance. 2.Foster a sustainable environment.	Expand the concept of corpora te

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	3.Preserve public welfare.	3.Preserve public welfare.	social
	4.Enhance disclosure of corporate social	4.Enhance disclosure of corporate	respons
	responsibility information.	sustainable development information.	ibility
			to corpora
			te
			sustaina
			ble
			develop
			ment
5	The company shall take into	The company shall take into consideration	Expand
	consideration the correlation between the	the correlation between the development of	the
	development of domestic and	domestic and international corporate	of concept
	international corporate social	sustainable development principles and	corpora
	responsibility principles and corporate	corporate core business operations, and the	te
	core business operations, and the effect of	effect of the operation of individual	social
	the operation of individual companies	companies and of it respective business	respons
	and of it respective business groups as a	groups as a whole on stakeholders, in	ibility
	whole on stakeholders, in establishing it	establishing it policies, systems or relevant	to
	policies, systems or relevant management	management guidelines, and concrete	corpora
	guidelines, and concrete promotion plans	promotion plans for corporate sustainable	te sustaina
	for corporate social responsibility	development programs, which shall be	ble
	programs, which shall be approved by the	approved by the board of directors and	develop
	board of directors and then reported to	then reported to the shareholders meeting.	ment
	the shareholders meeting.	When a shareholder proposes a motion	
	When a shareholder proposes a motion	involving corporate sustainable	
	involving corporate social responsibility,	development, the company's board of	
	the company's board of directors is	directors is advised to review and consider	
	advised to review and consider including	including it in the shareholders meeting	
	it in the shareholders meeting agenda.	agenda.	
7	The directors of the company shall	The directors of the company shall	Expand
	exercise the due care of good	exercise the due care of good	the
	administrators to urge the company to	administrators to urge the company to	concept
	perform its corporate social responsibility	perform its corporate social responsibility	of
	initiatives, examine the results of the	initiatives, examine the results of the	te corpora
	implementation thereof from time to time	implementation thereof from time to time	social
	and continually make adjustments so as	and continually make adjustments so as to	respons
	to ensure the thorough implementation of	ensure the thorough <u>promotion of its</u>	ibility

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	its corporate social responsibility	corporate sustainable development	to
	policies.	policies.	corpora
	The board of directors of the company is	The board of directors of the company is	te .
	advised to give full consideration to the	advised to give full consideration to the	sustaina
	interests of stakeholders, including the	interests of stakeholders, including the	ble develop
	following matters, in the company's	following matters, in the company's	ment
	performance of its corporate social	performance of its corporate sustainable	mone
	responsibility initiatives:	development initiatives:	
	1.Identifying the company's corporate	1.Identifying the company's corporate	
	social responsibility mission or vision,	sustainable development mission or vision,	
	and declaring its corporate social	and declaring its corporate sustainable	
	responsibility policy, systems or relevant	development policy, systems or relevant	
	management guidelines;	management guidelines;	
	2.Making corporate social responsibility	2.Making corporate sustainable	
	the guiding principle of the company's	development the guiding principle of the	
	operations and development, and	company's operations and development,	
	ratifying concrete promotional plans for	and ratifying concrete promotional plans	
	corporate social responsibility initiatives;	for corporate sustainable development	
	and	initiatives; and	
	3.Enhancing the timeliness and accuracy	3.Enhancing the timeliness and accuracy of	
	of the disclosure of corporate social	the disclosure of corporate sustainable	
	responsibility information.	development information.	
	The board of directors shall appoint	The board of directors shall appoint	
	executive-level positions with	executive-level positions with	
	responsibility for economic,	responsibility for economic,	
	environmental, and social issues resulting	environmental, and social issues resulting	
	from the business operations of the	from the business operations of the	
	company, and to report the status of the	company, and to report the status of the	
	handling to the board of directors. The	handling to the board of directors. The	
	handling procedures and the responsible	handling procedures and the responsible	
	person for each relevant issue shall be concrete and clear.	person for each relevant issue shall be	
	concrete and clear.	concrete and clear.	
8	The company, on a regular basis,	The company, on a regular basis, organizes	Amend
	organizes education and training on the	education and training on the promotion of	ment:
	implementation of corporate social	corporate sustainable development	Text
	responsibility initiatives, including	initiatives, including promotion of the	revision
	promotion of the matters prescribed in	matters prescribed in paragraph 2 of the	Based on the
	paragraph 2 of the preceding article.	preceding article.	on the

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
			principl
			es
9	For the purpose of managing corporate	For the purpose of managing corporate	Expand
	social responsibility initiatives, the	sustainable development initiatives, the	the
	company establishes an exclusively	company establishes a governance	of
	dedicated unit to be in charge of	structure of sustainable development and	
	proposing and enforcing the corporate	an exclusively dedicated unit to be in	te corpora
	social responsibility policies, systems, or	charge of proposing and enforcing the	social
	relevant management guidelines, and	corporate sustainable development	respons
	concrete promotional plans and to report	policies, systems, or relevant management	ibility
	on the same to the board of directors on a	guidelines, and concrete promotional plans	to
	periodic basis.	and to report on the same to the board of	corpora
	The company adopts reasonable	directors on a periodic basis.	te .
	remuneration policies, to ensure that	The company adopts reasonable	sustaina
	remuneration arrangements support the	remuneration policies, to ensure that	ble develop
	strategic aims of the organization, and	remuneration arrangements support the	ment
	align with the interests of stakeholders.	strategic aims of the organization, and	mont
	It is advised that the employee	align with the interests of stakeholders.	
	performance evaluation system be	It is advised that the employee	
	combined with corporate social	performance evaluation system be	
	responsibility policies, and that a clear	combined with corporate sustainable	
	and effective incentive and discipline	development policies, and that a clear and	
	system be established.	effective incentive and discipline system	
		be established.	
10	The company shall, based on respect for	The company shall, based on respect for	Amend
	the rights and interests of stakeholders,	the rights and interests of stakeholders,	ment:
	identify stakeholders of the company, and	identify stakeholders of the company, and	Text
	establish a designated section for	establish a designated section for	revision Based
	stakeholders on the company website;	stakeholders on the company website;	on the
	understand the reasonable expectations	understand the reasonable expectations and	principl
	and demands of stakeholders through	demands of stakeholders through proper	es
	proper communication with them, and	communication with them, and adequately	
	adequately respond to the important	respond to the important corporate	
	corporate social responsibility issues	sustainable development issues which they	
	which they are concerned about.	are concerned about.	
12	The company endeavors to utilize all	The company endeavors to elevate the	Focus
	resources more efficiently and use	utilization efficiency of energy and use	on
	renewable materials which have a low	renewable materials which have a low	energy

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	impact on the environment to improve	impact on the environment to improve	manage
	sustainability of natural resources.	sustainability of natural resources.	ment
			and
			decreas
			e the
			emissio
			n
			amount
			of
			greenho
17	The company assesses the current and	The company assesses the current and	use gas Evaluat
1 /	* *	future potential risks and opportunities that	e
	future potential risks and opportunities		relevant
	that climate change may present to	climate change may present to enterprises	risk and
	enterprises and to adopt <u>climate related</u>	and to adopt related measures.	opportu
	measures.	The company adopts standards or	nity of
	The company adopts standards or	guidelines generally used in Taiwan and	climate
	guidelines generally used in Taiwan and	abroad to enforce corporate greenhouse gas	changes
	abroad to enforce corporate greenhouse	inventory and to make disclosures thereof,	, and
	gas inventory and to make disclosures	the scope of which shall include the	the
	thereof, the scope of which shall include	following:	measur
	the following:	1.Direct greenhouse gas emissions:	es to
	1.Direct greenhouse gas emissions:	emissions from operations that are owned	adopts
	emissions from operations that are owned	or controlled by the company.	for the
	or controlled by the company.	2.Indirect greenhouse gas emissions:	climate
	2.Indirect greenhouse gas emissions:	emissions resulting from the generation of	changes
	emissions resulting from the generation	input electricity, heating, or steam.	Disclos
	of externally purchased or acquired	3.Other indirect emissions: emissions	e the
	electricity, heating, or steam.	resulting from the generation of corporate	conditi
	The company compiles statistics on	activities, not belong to the energy indirect	on 3
	greenhouse gas emissions, volume of	emissions but resulting from the emission	Other
	water consumption and total weight of	sources owned or controlled by other	indirect
	waste and to establish policies for energy	corporates.	emissio
	conservation, carbon and greenhouse gas	The company compiles statistics on	ns.
	reduction, reduction of water	greenhouse gas emissions, volume of water	
	consumption or management of other	consumption and total weight of waste and	
	wastes. The company' carbon reduction	to establish policies for energy	
	strategies should include obtaining	conservation, carbon and greenhouse gas	
	carbon credits and be promoted	reduction, reduction of water consumption	
	carbon creatis and be promoted		

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	accordingly to minimize the impact of it	or management of other wastes. The	
	business operations on climate change.	company' carbon reduction strategies	
		should include obtaining carbon credits	
		and be promoted accordingly to minimize	
		the impact of it business operations on	
		climate change.	
Chapt	Enhancing Disclosure of Corporate	Enhancing Disclosure of Corporate	Amend
er 5	Social Responsibility Information	Sustainable Development Information	ment:
			Text
			revision
			Based on the
			principl
			es
28	The company shall disclose information	The company shall disclose information	Expand
	according to relevant laws, regulations	according to relevant laws, regulations and	the
	and the Corporate Governance Best	the Corporate Governance Best Practice	concept
	Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM	Principles for TWSE/GTSM listed	of
	listed Companies and shall fully disclose	Companies and shall fully disclose	corpora
	relevant and reliable information relating	relevant and reliable information relating	te social
	to their corporate social responsibility	to their corporate sustainable development	respons
	initiatives to improve information	initiatives to improve information	ibility
	transparency.	transparency.	to
	Relevant information relating to	Relevant information relating to corporate	corpora
	corporate social responsibility which the	sustainable development which the	te .
	company shall disclose includes:	company shall disclose includes:	sustaina
	1. The policy, systems or relevant	1.The policy, systems or relevant	ble develop
	management guidelines, and concrete	management guidelines, and concrete	ment
	promotion plans for corporate social	promotion plans for corporate sustainable	1110111
	responsibility initiatives, as resolved by	<u>development</u> initiatives, as resolved by the	
	the board of directors.	board of directors.	
	2. The risks and the impact on the	2. The risks and the impact on the corporate	
	corporate operations and financial	operations and financial condition arising	
	condition arising from exercising	from exercising corporate governance,	
	corporate governance, fostering a	fostering a sustainable environment and	
	sustainable environment and preserving	preserving social public welfare.	
	social public welfare.	3.Goals and measures for <u>promoting</u> the	
		corporate sustainable development	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	3. Goals and measures for <u>realizing</u> the	initiatives established by the companies,	
	corporate social responsibility initiatives	and performance in implementation.	
	established by the companies, and	4.Major stakeholders and their concerns.	
	performance in implementation.	5.Disclosure of information on major	
	4. Major stakeholders and their concerns.	suppliers' management and performance	
	5.Disclosure of information on major	with respect to major environmental and	
	suppliers' management and performance	social issues.	
	with respect to major environmental and	6.Other information relating to corporate	
	social issues.	sustainable development initiatives.	
	6.Other information relating to <u>corporate</u>		
	social responsibility initiatives.		
29	The company shall adopt internationally	The company shall adopt internationally	Expand
	widely recognized standards or	widely recognized standards or guidelines	the
	guidelines when producing corporate	when producing corporate sustainable	concept
	social responsibility reports, to disclose	<u>development</u> reports, to disclose the status	of
	the status of their implementation of the	of their implementation of the corporate	corpora
	corporate social responsibility policy. It	sustainable development policy. It also is	te social
	also is advisable to obtain a third-party	advisable to obtain a third-party assurance	respons
	assurance or verification for reports to	or verification for reports to enhance the	ibility
	enhance the reliability of the information	reliability of the information in the reports.	to
	in the reports. The reports are advised to	The reports are advised to include:	corpora
	include:	1.The policy, system, or relevant	te
	1. The policy, system, or relevant	management guidelines and concrete	sustaina
	management guidelines and concrete	promotion plans for implementing	ble
	promotion plans for implementing	corporate sustainable development	develop
	corporate social responsibility initiatives.	initiatives.	ment
	2.Major stakeholders and their concerns.	2.Major stakeholders and their concerns.	
	3.Results and a review of the exercising	3.Results and a review of the exercising of	
	of corporate governance, fostering of a	corporate governance, fostering of a	
	sustainable environment, preservation of	sustainable environment, preservation of	
	public welfare and promotion of	public welfare and promotion of economic	
	economic development.	development.	
	4. Future improvements and goals.	4.Future improvements and goals.	
30	The company shall at all times monitor	The company shall at all times monitor the	Expand
	the development of domestic and foreign	development of domestic and foreign	the
	corporate social responsibility standards	corporate sustainable development	concept
	and the change of business environment	standards and the change of business	of
			corpora

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	so as to examine and improve their	environment so as to examine and improve	te
	established corporate social responsibility	their established corporate sustainable	social
	framework and to obtain better results	development framework and to obtain	respons
	from the implementation of the corporate	better results from the <u>promotion of the</u>	ibility
	social responsibility policy.	corporate sustainable development policy.	to
			corpora
			te
			sustaina
			ble
			develop
			ment
	First issued date: 2020. 03. 26	First issued date: 2020. 03. 26	Add the
		First amended date: 2021.12.	first
			amende
			d date

\

6.Report on the performance evaluation and compensation report of directors and managers

Explanation:

According to Article 7 of the Compensation committee manual of the Company, the Compensation Committee shall evaluate the achievement of the performance goals of the directors and managers regularly, and determine the content and amount of compensation based on the results from the performance evaluation standards, then submit them to the shareholders meeting. Relevance and Reasonableness of the relevant evaluation results as follow.

		Content and account of
		Compensation of directors
Evaluation mechanism of the	2021 performance self-evaluation	and managers and relevance
board of directors, each	results of the board of directors,	and
functional committee, etc.	each functional committee, etc.	reasonableness of the
		performance evaluation
		results
To implement corporate	1. Time of evaluation: January 1,	The remuneration of the
governance, the company	2021 to December 31, 2021	directors, according to the
conducts an annual board	2. Result of overall performance	Articles 20 of Incorporation
performance evaluation in	self-evaluation report of internal	of the Company, may be the
December each year,	Board of directors.	remuneration of the
following the "TAIWAN	(1)Participation in the company's	directors of the current year
SEMICONDUCTOR Co.,	operation: Average is good.	within the limit of 1% of the
LTD. Compensation	(2) Improvement of the decision	profit of the year. Also, the
committee organization book"	quality of the board of directors:	reasonable Payoffs will be
and "Evaluation rules of the	Excellent	given, consider the
performance of the board of	(3)Component and structure of the	operating result of the
directors", which were	board of directors: Average is	company and individuals'
approved by the board of	good.	contribution to the
directors.	(4)Selection and continuing	company's performance.
It includes the overall	education of the directors: Average	The policies and procedures
operating situation of the	is good.	for managers' remuneration
board of directors, each	(5)The internal control: Excellent	are based on "Payroll and
functional committee, etc.,	3. Self-evaluation of internal board	personnel cycle regulation"
also the performance of the	of directors' members: Good to	of the Company and average
individual board of directors'	Excellent.	salaries level of the same
members. The evaluation	4. The evaluation of the Company	position in the same
result and the improvement	based on the annual operating plan	industry, the responsibility
plan will be submitted to the	and the comparison of peer	of the individual in the
board of directors.	companies' business performances	company, and the
The items of the performance	as standard: Good	contribution of the
report of the internal board of	5. Results of the overall self-	company's operating goal.
directors and each functional	evaluation report of each	The procedure for
committee of the Company are	functional committee.	determining remuneration is

based on Article 37 of the "Corporate governance code" of the Company, which including 5 sides:

- 1. Participation in the company's operating.
- 2. Improvement of the decision quality of the board of directors.
- 3. The component and structure of the board of directors.
- 4. Selection and continuing education of the directors.
- 5. Internal control.
 Self-evaluation items of the board of directors including six sides:
- 1. Mastery of the company's goal and mission.
- 2. Awareness of the board of directors' duty.
- 3. Participation in the company's operating.
- 4. Internal relationship and communication.
- 5. The profession of the board of directors and continuing education.
- 6. Internal control.

- (1)Participation in the operating of the company: Excellent.
- (2)Responsibility awareness of the functional committees: Excellent.
- (3)Improvement of the decision quality of the functional committees: Excellent.
- (4) Component and structure of the functional committees and election of the members:

 Excellent.
- (5)Internal control: Excellent.
- Self-evaluation of the functional committees' members: Excellent.
- 7. The results of self-evaluation of the performance of the board of directors, functional committees, etc., are submitted to the report of the board of directors on March 28, 2022.

based on the "Annual merit rating evaluation regulation" of the Company. In addition to the overall operating performance of the company, the business risk and development trends, will also refer to the performance fill rate of individuals, and contribution to the company's performance. Then, a reasonable remuneration will be given. The relevant performance assessment and the reasonableness of the remuneration will be reviewed by the Compensation Committee and the board of directors and the remuneration system will be reviewed any time according to the actual operating conditions and relevant laws and regulations, to maintain the balance of the company's sustainable operation and risk control.

Approval Items

Approval Items

Proposal 1

Proposed by the Board

Proposal: The Company's 2021 Business Report and Financial Statements

Explanation:

- (1) The Company's business report, standalone financial statement, and consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Board and examined by the audit committee.
- (2) The business report, standalone financial statement, and consolidated financial statements are attached in the Meeting Agenda, P. 4-10, 28-44.

Resolution:



安侯建業群合會計師重務的 KPMG

台北市110615信義路5段7號68樓(台北101大樓) 68F., TAIPEI 101 TOWER, No. 7, Sec. 5, Xinyi Road, Taipei City 110615, Taiwan (R.O.C.) Telephone 電話 + 886 2 8101 6666 Fax 傅真 + 886 2 8101 6667 Internet 網址 home.kpmg/tw

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.: **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD. ("the Company"), which comprise the statement of balance sheet as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the statement of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of the other auditors (please refer to Other Matter paragraph), the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. Base on our audits and report of other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements of TSC Auto ID Technology Co., Ltd. (TSC Auto ID) of which represented investment accounted for using the equity method of the Company. Those statements were audited by the other Certified Public Accountants whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for TSC Auto ID, is based solely on the report of the other Certified Public Accountants. The investment in TSC Auto ID amounted for using the equity method constituting 8.26% and 7.68% of the total assets at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and the related share of profit of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method constituting 26.34% and 41.24% of the total income before tax for the years then ended respectively.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

1. Valuation of accounts receivable

Please refer to Note 4(f) "Financial instruments" of the financial statements for details on the accounting policy about valuation on accounts receivable; Note 5 "Assessment of impairment of trade receivable" for details on the significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of the estimation uncertainty on accounts receivable; and Note 6(c) "Notes and accounts receivable" for details on the related explanation.

Description of key audit matter:

The Company has transactions with a large number of customers and the accounts receivable collection days differ in length. As a result, the expected credit loss determined for accounts receivable lies in the management's subjective judgment based on experience. Therefore, the accounts receivable of the Company is one of our key audit matters.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our key audit procedures included (i) analyzing the reasonableness of the accounts receivable at the year-end and considering the collection subsequent to the year-end. (ii) verifying the adequacy of the Company's expected credit loss provisions against trade receivables by assessing the relevant assumptions. (iii) taking account of our own knowledge on recent collections experience in this industry and also historical data from the Company's previous collections experience in order to assess the reasonableness of the expected credit loss for accounts receivable. Besides, we assessed that the valuation of accounts receivable was disclosed the notes to the parent Company only financial statements properly.

2. Impairment on investment accounted for using the equity method

Please refer to Note 4(h) "Investment in subsidiaries" of the financial statements for the details on the accounting policy about investments accounted for using equity method; Note 6(e)" investments accounted for using equity method" for details on the related explanation.

Description of key audit matter:

When the Company obtained the business combinations and its control, and recognized a goodwill in the consolidated financial report, the amount is regarded as material. Besides, evaluating whether goodwill is impaired depends on the estimation of the future cash flow of the cash-generating unit to determine the recoverable amount. The estimation of the future cash flow involves industrial environment and the forecast of the future operating results. Once the indicators of the forecast change, the recoverable amount will change as well and may cause an impairment loss. Due to the investments are the important investees and the amount is regarded as material. Therefore, the impairment on investment amounted for using the equity method is our of key audit matters.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our key audit procedures included: (i) obtaining the assessment on impairment loss of goodwill report provided by the evaluator appointed by the management of TSC, as well as inquiring and assessing the professional ability and independence. (ii) appointing the internal expert to execute the related procedures to assess the reasonableness of the assumption used in the evaluation model and weighted average cost of capital. (iii) evaluating the previous operating conditions, the conditions of industrial environment and future outlook, etc. in order to comprehensively determine the reasonableness of the assessment on impairment loss of goodwill.



The adoption of the independent auditor's reports of TSC Auto ID issued by other Certified Public Accountants included (i) communication of the related issue with other Certified Public Accountants, which included sending audit instruction to other Certified Public Accountants and obtaining the independent auditor's report of TSC Auto ID issued by other Certified Public Accountants.

The audit procedure executed by other Certified Public Accountants included (i) obtaining the report of the assessment of impairment loss of goodwill provided by the evaluation expert appointed by the management of TSC Auto ID. (ii) understanding and assessing the reasonableness of the recoverable amount based on the evaluation model. (iii) comprehensively assessing the reasonableness of the assessment of impairment loss of goodwill based on the assumption used in the evaluation model, including sales growth rate, profit margin, weighted average cost of capital (WACC, which includes risk-free return rate, volatility and risk premium), etc. and assessing the previous operating conditions, the conditions of industrial environment and future outlook.

Our audit procedure also compare the difference of the investment amounted and the net assets of TSC Auto ID (according to our ownership share) and observe TSC Auto ID 's stock price. In addition, (ii) we assessed the related information was disclosed in the notes to the parent Company only financial statements properly.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.



- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the investment in other entities accounted for using the equity method to express an opinion on this financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Mei, Yuan-Chen and Hsu, Yu-Feng.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 28, 2022

Notes to Readers

The accompanying are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' audit report and the accompanying are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' audit report and, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		December 31, 2021 I	December 31, 2020			December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
	Assets	Amount %	Amount %		Liabilities and Equity	Amount %	Amount %
	Cullent assets.				Current habilities:		
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (note $6(a)$)	\$ 567,039 6	421,732 5	2100	Short-term borrowings (note 6(i))	\$ 370,720 4	606,960 7
1110	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(b))	152,006 1	5,377	2120	Current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(b))	120 -	1,216 -
1150	Notes receivable, net (note $6(c)$)	531 -	33 -	2150	Notes payable	1,607	1,652 -
1170	Accounts receivable, net (note 6(c))	718,390 7	466,730 5	2170	Accounts payable	314,254 3	204,756 2
1180	Accounts receivable-related parties, net (note 7)	558,975 6	389,733 4	2181	Accounts payable-related parties (note 7)	664,236 7	532,827 7
1200	Other receivables (note 7)	24,318 -	10,641 -	2220	Other payables-related parties (note 7)	55,327	28,103
130X	Inventories (note 6(d))	760,114 8	608,184 7	2230	Current tax liabilities	123,065	78,492 1
1479	Other current assets	69,339 1	77,047 1	2321	Bonds payable, current portion (note 6(k))		778,947
		2,850,712 29	1,979,477 22	2399	Other current liabilities	294,810 2	195,249 2
	Non-current assets:					1,824,139 18	2,428,202 28
1551	Investments accounted for using equity method (note 6(e))	4,414,662 44	4,066,285 46		Non-Current liabilities:		
1600	Property, plant and equipment (note 6(f))	2,379,502 24	2,594,748 29	2541	Long-term borrowings (note 6(j))	649,310 7	269,550 3
1822	Intangible assets (note 6(g))	91,453	101,421 1	2570	Deferred tax liabilities (note 6(m))	382,147 4	360,061 4
1840	Deferred tax assets (note 6(m))	39,221 -	21,297 -	2640	Net defined benefit liability, non-current (note 6(1))	23,057 -	22,387 -
1980	Other non-current financial assets (note 6(b))	55,415 1	55,603 1			1,054,514 11	7 8651,998 7
1990	Other non-current assets (note $6(h)$)	74,343	89,057 1		Total liabilities	2,878,653 29	3,080,200 35
		7,054,596 71	6,928,411 78		Equity:(note 6(n))		
				3110	Common stock	2,650,854 27	2,494,539 28
				3140	Advance receipts for share capital		22,196 -
						2,650,854 27	2,516,735 28
				3200	Capital surplus	2,166,799 22	1,516,265 17
				3300	Retained earnings	3,247,117 32	2,760,978 31
				3400	Other stockholders' equity	(531,125) (5)	(459,300) (5)
				3500	Treasury shares	(5) (066,905)	
					Total equity	7,026,655 71	5,827,688 65
	Total assets	\$ 9,905,308 100	8,907,888 100		Total liabilities and equity	\$ 9,905,308 100	8,907,888 100

(English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.

Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Common Share)

			2021		2020	
			Amount	%	Amount	<u>%</u>
4110	Total sales revenue (notes 6(o) and 7)	\$	4,851,282	101	3,673,959	101
4190	Less: Sales discounts and allowances		47,805	1	31,498	1
	Net operating revenues		4,803,477	100	3,642,461	100
5000	Cost of goods sold (notes 6(d) and 7)		3,896,023	81	3,071,789	84
	Gross profit		907,454	19	570,672	16
5910	Less:Unrealized profit (loss) from sales		3,081	-	(4,051)	
			904,373	19	574,723	16
6000	Operating expenses (notes 7):					
6100	Selling expenses		388,376	8	297,853	8
6200	Administrative expenses		202,130	4	159,740	4
6300	Research and development expenses		56,976	1	42,296	1
			647,482	13	499,889	13
	Operating income		256,891	6	74,834	3
	Non-operating income and expenses (note 6(p)):					
7100	Interest income		1,421	-	1,468	-
7010	Other income		7,485	-	18,054	-
7020	Other gains and losses		12,203	-	11,226	-
7050	Finance costs		(6,775)	-	(741)	-
7070	Share of profit of subsidiaries accounted for using equity method					
	(notes 6(e))		734,675	15	476,767	13
			749,009	15	506,774	13
	Profit before tax		1,005,900	21	581,608	16
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (note 6(m))		123,095	3	44,366	1
	Profit		882,805	18	537,242	15
8300	Other comprehensive income:					
8310	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans (note 6(1))		(1,247)	-	1,775	-
8330	Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries accounted for					
	using equity method, components of other comprehensive income					
	that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	_	(191)	-	653	
00.00		_	(1,438)	-	2,428_	
8360	Components of other comprehensive loss that will be reclassified to profit or loss					
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements		(71,825)	(1)	(13,682)	
8300	Other comprehensive income (after tax)	_	(73,263)	(1)	(11,254)	
	Comprehensive income	<u>\$</u>	809,542	17	525,988	<u>15</u>
	Basic earnings per common share (NT dollars) (note 6(r))	<u>\$</u>		3.55		2.29
	Diluted earnings per common share (NT dollars) (note 6(r))	<u>\$</u>		3.52		2.17

(English Translation of Originally Issued in Chinese) TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.

Statements of Changes in Equity
For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		Share capital	ital			Retained earnings	nings		Total other equity interest Exchange		
			Advance			U	ited		differences on translation of		
	Ordinary shares		receipts for share capital	Capital surplus	Legal reserve Special reserve	ecial reserve	retained T earnings	Total retained for earnings	foreign financial statements Trea	Treasury shares Total equity	otal equity
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 2	4,539	-	1,743	778,133	306,434	1,508,522	2,593,089	8)	(430,042)	5,606,711
Net income	•		•				537,242	537,242			537,242
Other comprehensive income							2,428	2,428	(13,682)		(11,254)
Total comprehensive income					•		539,670	539,670	(13,682)		525,988
Subsidiaries purchase of treasury shares	•			1				1		(76,948)	(76,948)
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:											
Provision of legal reserve	•				52,787		(52,787)				,
Provision of special reserve	•			•	•	139,184	(139,184)				
Cash dividends	•						(371,781)	(371,781)			(371,781)
Adjustments of capital surplus for company's cash dividends received				;							;
by subsidiaries	•		1	20,400			į	1		į	20,400
Conversion of convertible bonds	,		22,196	862'66			i		1		121,994
Changes in equity of affricate accounted for using equity method				1,324							1,324
Balance at December 31, 2020	2	2,494,539	22,196	1,516,265	830,920	445,618	1,484,440	2,760,978	(459,300)	(506,990)	5,827,688
Net income	•				•	•	882,805	882,805			882,805
Other comprehensive income	'						(1,438)	(1,438)	(71,825)		(73,263)
Total comprehensive income							881,367	881,367	(71,825)		809,542
Conversion of convertible bonds		156,315	(22,196)	604,864					1		738,983
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:											
Provision of legal reserve					53,967	1	(53,967)				
Provision of special reserve	•		1			13,682	(13,682)	1	1	1	
Cash dividends	•					,	(395,228)	(395,228)			(395,228)
Adjustments of capital surplus for company's cash dividends received											
by subsidiaries	•		ì	20,400		,	Ì	,	i	i	20,400
Changes in equity of affricate accounted for using equity method				25,270			1		1		25,270
Balance at December 31, 2021	S 2	,650,854		2,166,799	884,887	459,300	1,902,930	3,247,117	(531,125)	(206,990)	7,026,655

(English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.

Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2021	2020
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:			
Profit before tax	\$	1,005,900	581,608
Adjustments:			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):			
Depreciation expense		319,368	296,922
Amortization expense		37,443	33,317
Net loss (gain) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or los	SS	2,274	(1,843)
Interest expense		5,341	- (1.460)
Interest income		(1,421)	(1,468)
Share of profit of subsidiaries accounted for using equity method		(734,675)	(476,767)
Gain on disposal of property, plan and equipment		(819)	(2,998)
Gain on disposal of investments		(308)	(6,478)
Others		3,081	(4,051)
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	-	(369,716)	(163,366)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Net loss (gain) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(149,691)	6,478
(Increase) decrease in notes receivable		(498)	64
Increase in accounts receivable		(251,660)	(38,169)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable due from related parties		(169,242)	6,118
(Increase) decrease in other receivable		(13,695)	2,825
Increase in inventories		(151,930)	(64,157)
Decrease in other current assets		7,708	33,161
Decrease in notes payable		(45)	(129)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		109,498	(1,027)
Increase in accounts payable to related parties		131,409	131,559
Increase (decrease) in other payable		296	(382)
Increase in other payable to related parties		27,224	3,373
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities		99,561	(96,431)
Decrease in net defined benefit liabilities		(577)	(556)
Total adjustments		(731,358)	(180,639)
Cash inflow generated from operations		274,542	400,969
Interest received		1,439	1,489
Dividends received		356,977	321,493
Interest paid		(5,761)	(18,722)
Income taxes paid		(74,360)	(35,215)
Net cash flows from operating activities		552,837	670,014
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(46,996)	(130,078)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		713	4,435
Acquisition of intangible assets		(27,475)	(51,405)
Decrease in other non-current assets		13,199	13,780
Increase in prepayments for equipment		(53,363)	(88,827)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(113,922)	(252,095)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:			
Decrease in short-term borrowings		(236,240)	(167,910)
Repayments of convertible bonds		(41,900)	-
Proceeds from long-term borrowings		379,760	170,050
Cash dividends paid		(395,228)	(371,781)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(293,608)	(369,641)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	-	145,307	48,278
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		421,732	373,454
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	567,039	421,732

Representation Letter

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements." endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD. and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Company name: TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.

Chairman: Wang Shiu-Ting Date: March 28, 2022



安侯建業解合會計師重務的 KPMG

台北市110615信義路5段7號68樓(台北101大樓) 68F., TAIPEI 101 TOWER, No. 7, Sec. 5, Xinyi Road, Taipei City 110615, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.: **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD. ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of the other auditors (please refer to Other Matter paragraph), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") or the former Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD. and its subsidiaries in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. Base on our audits and the report of the other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements of TSC Auto ID Technology Co., Ltd. (TSC Auto ID) of the Group. Those statements were audited by the other Certified Public Accountants whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for TSC Auto ID, is based solely on the report of the other Certified Public Accountants. The financial statements of TSC Auto ID reflect the total assets constituting 41.27% and 42.75% of the consolidated total assets at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and the total operating revenues constituting 51.97% and 54.70% of the consolidated total operating revenues for the years then ended respectively.

The company has additionally prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, on which we have issued an unqualified opinion with other matters paragraph.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

1. Valuation of accounts receivable

Please refer to Note 4(g) "Financial instruments" of the consolidated financial statements for details on the accounting policy about valuation on accounts receivable; Note 5 "Assessment of impairment of trade receivable" for details on the significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of the estimation uncertainty on accounts receivable; and Note 6(c) "Notes and accounts receivable" for details on the related explanation .

Description of key audit matter

The Group has transactions with a large number of customers and the accounts receivable collection days differ in length. As a result, the expected credit loss determined for accounts receivable lies in the management's subjective judgment based on experience. Therefore, the accounts receivable of the Group is one of our key audit matters.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our key audit procedures included (i) analyzing the reasonableness of the accounts receivable at the year-end and considering the collection subsequent to the year-end. (ii) verifying the adequacy of the Group's expected credit loss provisions against trade receivables by assessing the relevant assumptions. (iii) taking account of our own knowledge on recent collections experience in this industry and also historical data from the Group's previous collections experience in order to assess the reasonableness of the expected credit loss for accounts receivable. Besides, we assessed that the valuation of accounts receivable was disclosed the notes to the consolidated financial statements properly.

2. The assessment of impairment loss of goodwill

Please refer to Note 4(1) "Impairment of nonfinancial assets" of the consolidated financial statements for details on the accounting policy related to impairment loss of goodwill; and Note 6(i) "Goodwill" for details on the related explanation.

Description of key audit matter

When the Group obtained the business combinations and its control, and recognized a goodwill in the consolidated financial report, the amount is regarded as material. Besides, evaluating whether goodwill is impaired depends on the estimation of the future cash flow of the cashgenerating unit to determine the recoverable amount. The estimation of the future cash flow involves industrial environment and the forecast of the future operating results. Once the indicators of the forecast change, the recoverable amount will change as well and may cause an impairment loss.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our key audit procedures included: (i) obtaining the assessment on impairment loss of goodwill report provided by the evaluator appointed by the management of TSC, as well as inquiring and assessing the professional ability and independence. (ii) appointing the internal expert to execute the related procedures to assess the reasonableness of the assumption used in the evaluation model and weighted average cost of capital. (iii) evaluating the previous operating conditions, the conditions of industrial environment and future outlook, etc. in order to comprehensively determine the reasonablesness of the assessment on impairment loss of goodwill.



The adoption of the independent auditor's reports of TSC Auto ID issued by other Certified Public Accountants included (i) communication of the related issue with other Certified Public Accountants, which included sending audit instruction to other Certified Public Accountants and obtaining the independent auditor's report of TSC Auto ID issued by other Certified Public Accountants. The audit procedure executed by other Certified Public Accountants included (1) obtaining the report of the assessment of impairment loss of goodwill provided by the evaluation expert appointed by the management of TSC Auto ID. (2) understanding and assessing the reasonableness of the recoverable amount based on the evaluation model. (3) comprehensively assessing the reasonableness of the assessment of impairment loss of goodwill based on the assumption used in the evaluation model, including sales growth rate, profit margin, weighted average cost of capital (WACC, which includes risk-free return rate, volatility and risk premium), etc. and assessing the previous operating conditions, the conditions of industrial environment and future outlook. In addition, (ii) we assessed the audit procedure designed by other Certified Public Accountants according to related auditing standards and that the related information was disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements properly.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, interpretations as well as related guidance endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance including the Audit committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.



- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Mei, Yuan-Chen and Hsu, Yu-Feng.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 28, 2022

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' audit report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' audit report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		Dec	December 31, 2021 I	December 31, 2020			December 31, 2021 Dec	December 31, 2020
	Assets Current assets:	A	Amount %	Amount %		Liabilities and Equity Current liabilities:	Amount % A	Amount %
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a))	€9	2,701,648 17	2,563,670 18	2100	Short-term borrowings (note 6(k))	\$ 921,426 6	1,401,954 10
11110	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(b))		155,067 1	6,311 -	2120	Current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(b))	563 -	4,451 -
1150	Notes receivable, net (note $6(c)$)		751 -	186 -	2150	Notes payable	1,607 -	1,652 -
1170	Accounts receivable, net (note 6(c))		2,950,815 19	2,368,751 16	2170	Accounts payable	1,673,549 10	1,171,434 8
1200	Other receivables		63,284 -	- 47,906	2200	Other payables (note 6(m))	883,040 6	634,127 4
1220	Current tax assets		- 626	280 -	2230	Current tax liabilities	412,838 3	316,846 2
130X	Inventories (note 6(d))		2,444,825 15	1,800,447 12	2321	Bonds payable, current portion (note 6(n))		778,947 5
1410	Prepayments		177,271	175,650 1	2322	Long-term borrowings, current portion (note 6(1))	- 000'59	4,000 -
1476	Other current financial assets (note 6(b))		373,584 2	481,820 4	2280	Lease liabilities, current (note 6(0))	113,331 1	91,161 1
			8,868,174 55	7,445,021 51	2399	Other current liabilities	232,681 1	138,416 1
	Non-current assets:						4,304,035 27	4,542,988 31
1600	Property, plant and equipment (note 6(f))		4,501,135 28	4,562,886 31		Non-Current liabilities:		
1755	Right-of-use assets (note 6(g))		280,665 2	303,961 2	2540	Long-term borrowings (note 6(1))	1,484,310 10	1,295,550 9
1822	Intangible assets (notes 6(h))		388,016 3	476,694 3	2580	Lease liabilities, non-current (note 6(0))	190,820 1	219,936 2
1805	Goodwill (note 6(i))		1,024,426 6	1,054,034 7	2640	Net defined benefit liabilities, non-current (note 6(p))	42,788 -	45,247 -
1840	Deferred tax assets (note 6(q))		456,197 3	463,566 3	2570	Deferred tax liabilities (note 6(q))	684,722 4	630,792 4
1980	Other non-current financial assets (note 6(b))		71,583 -	67,604	2670	Other non-current liabilities	51,787 -	47,371 -
1990	Other non-current assets (note 6(j))		395,775 3	256,707 2			2,454,427 15	2,238,896 15
			7,117,797 45	7,185,452 49		Total liabilities	6,758,462 42	6,781,884 46
						Stockholder' equity attributable to parent: (note 6(r))		
					3110	Common stock	2,650,854 17	2,494,539 17
					3140	Advance receipts for share capital		22,196 -
							2,650,854 17	2,516,735 17
					3200	Capital surplus	2,166,799 14	1,516,265 10
					3300	Retained earnings	3,247,117 20	2,760,978 19
					3400	Other stockholders' equity	(531,125) (4)	(459,300) (3)
					3500	Treasury shares	(506,990) (3)	(506,990) (3)
						Total equity attributable to owners of parent:	7,026,655 44	5,827,688 40
					36XX	Non-controlling interests (note 6(e))	2,200,854 14	2,020,901 14
	Total assets	€.	15.985.971 100	14.630.473 100		Total equity		
	TOTAL BOSCES		201	201200001		Total liabilities and equity	\$ 15,985,971 100	14,630,473 100

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Common Share)

			2021		2020	
		Aı	mount	%	Amount	<u>%</u>
4110	Total sales revenue (notes 6(t))	\$ 1.	3,612,887	103	10,652,487	103
4190	Less: Sales discounts and allowances		435,470	3	262,208	3
	Net operating revenues	1:	3,177,417	100	10,390,279	100
5000	Cost of goods sold (note 6(d))		9,049,696	69	7,219,036	69
	Gross profit		4,127,721	31	3,171,243	31
6000	Operating expenses (notes 6(p) and notes 6(v)):					
6100	Selling expenses		1,175,935	9	1,029,857	10
6200	Administrative expenses		726,018	5	601,694	6
6300	Research and development expenses		316,861	2	278,099	3
			2,218,814	16	1,909,650	19
	Operating income		1,908,907	15	1,261,593	12
	Non-operating income and expenses (note 6(u)):					
7100	Interest income		14,541	-	14,459	-
7010	Other income		46,312	-	105,807	1
7020	Other gains and losses		10,864	_	(15,793)	-
7050	Finance costs		(32,992)	-	(37,252)	(1)
			38,725	-	67,221	
	Profit from continuing operations before tax		1,947,632	15	1,328,814	12
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (note 6(q))		565,737	4	336,465	3
	Profit		1,381,895	11	992,349	9
8300	Other comprehensive income:					
8310	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans		(1,771)	-	3,570	-
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-	-	
			(1,771)	-	3,570	
8360	Components of other comprehensive loss that will be reclassified to profit or loss					
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements		(125,433)	(1)	(74,014)	-
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss		15,123		17,020	
			(110,310)	(1)	(56,994)	
8300	Other comprehensive income		(112,081)	(1)_	(53,424)	
	Comprehensive income	<u>\$</u>	1,269,814	10	938,925	9
	Net income attributable to:					
	Owners of the parent	\$	882,805	7	537,242	5
	Non-controlling interests (note 6(e))		499,090	4	455,107	4
		\$	1,381,895	11	992,349	9
	Comprehensive income attributable to:					
	Owners of the parent	\$	809,542	6	525,988	5
	Non-controlling interests (note 6(e))		460,272	4	412,937	4
		\$	1,269,814	10	938,925	9
	Basic earnings per common share (NT dollars) (note 6(w))	<u>s</u>		3.55		2.29
	Diluted earnings per common share (NT dollars) (note 6(w))	s		3.52		2.17

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

,				Eq	Equity attributable to owners of parent	wners of parent						
	Police constraint	7			D. Carlotte		Ĭ	Fotal other equity interest				
•	Ordinory	Advance	Comited		Netallieu call	poriotod	Total ratainad fo	differences on translation of		Total equity	Non controlling	
	shares	share capital	Surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve retained earnings				Treasury shares o	_		Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 2,494,539	-	1,394,743	3	306,434	1,508,522	2,593,089	(819)		5,606,711),752	7,477,463
Net income	•		,	,	•	537,242	537,242			537,242	455,107	992,349
Other comprehensive income					,	2,428	2,428	(13,682)	'	(11,254)	(42,170)	(53,424)
Total comprehensive income		•			,	539,670	539,670	(13,682)	'	525,988	412,937	938,925
Subsidiaries purchase of treasury shares	•		,	,	•	•			(76,948)	(76,948)	•	(76,948)
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:												
Provision of legal reserve	•	1		52,787	i	(52,787)			1	1	•	1
Provision of special reserve					139,184	(139,184)						,
Cash dividends	1	ı	ı	1	ı	(371,781)	(371,781)	1	ı	(371,781)	•	(371,781)
Adjustments of capital surplus for company's cash dividends	,	j	20.400	ı	,	,			,	20.400	ı	20.400
Conversion of convertible bonds	ı	22,196	99,798	1	1	1	1	1	ı	121,994	ı	121,994
Changes in equity of affiliate accounted for using equity												
method		1	1,324	1	•	1		1	1	1,324	ı	1,324
Changes in non-controlling interests									•		(262,788)	(262,788)
Balance at December 31, 2020	2,494,539	22,196	1,516,265	830,920	445,618	1,484,440	2,760,978	(459,300)	(506,990)	5,827,688	2,020,901	7,848,589
Net income	•	ı	1	1	1	882,805	882,805	1	1	882,805	499,090	1,381,895
Other comprehensive income						(1,438)	(1,438)	(71,825)	-	(73,263)	(38,818)	(112,081)
Total comprehensive income					•	881,367	881,367	(71,825)	•	809,542	460,272	1,269,814
Conversion of convertible bonds	156,315	(22,196)	604,864	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	738,983	•	738,983
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:												
Provision of legal reserve	,	1	1	53,967	Ē	(53,967)			1	1		1
Provision of special reserve					13,682	(13,682)					•	
Cash dividends		Ī	ī	i	ı	(395,228)	(395,228)	1	i	(395,228)	ı	(395,228)
Adjustments of capital surplus for company's cash dividends received by subsidiaries			20 400		,				,	20 400	ı	20 400
Changes in equity of affiliate accounted for using equity												
method	1	İ	25,270	i	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	25,270	į	25,270
Changes in non-controlling interests											(280,319)	(280,319)
Balance at December 31, 2021	5,650,854		2,166,799	884,887	459,300	1,902,930	3,247,117	(531,125)	(206,990)	7,026,655	2,200,854	9,227,509

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31,2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2021	2020
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:			
Profit before tax	\$	1,947,632	1,328,814
Adjustments:			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss): Depreciation expense		732,723	749,497
Amortization expense		123,565	124,750
Expected credit loss		9,563	3,051
Net gain on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(8,418)	(8,100)
Interest expense		30,911	36,083
Interest income		(14,541)	(14,459)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		3,601	7,141
Gain on disposal of investments		(308)	(6,478)
Reversal of impairment (gain) or loss on non-financial assets		2,701	(159)
Others		25,270	1,324
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)		905,067	892,650
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Net loss (gain) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(143,918)	17,096
(Increase) decrease in notes receivable		(565)	3
Increase in accounts receivable		(591,627)	(247,132)
Increase in other receivables		(15,396)	(11,601)
Increase in inventories		(644,378)	(39,310)
(Increase) decrease in prepayments		(7,114)	26,881
(Increase) decrease in other financial assets		108,236	(223,520)
Decrease in notes payable		(45)	(129)
Increase in accounts payable		502,115	148,305
Increase (decrease) in other payable		248,737	(83,311)
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities		93,849	(24,351)
Decrease in net defined benefit liabilities		(2,459)	(4,070)
Increase (decrease) in other non-current liabilities	-	5,253 457,755	(8,211)
Total adjustments Cash inflow generated from operations	-	2,405,387	443,300 1,772,114
Interest received		14,559	14,533
Interest paid		(18,424)	(163,490)
Income taxes paid		(409,095)	(159,633)
Net cash flows from operating activities		1,992,427	1,463,524
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:	-	-,,	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(525,777)	(223,527)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		2,421	3,802
Increase in other financial assets		(3,979)	(360)
Acquisition of intangible assets		(26,639)	(29,356)
Increase in other non-current assets		(45,846)	(4,661)
Increase in prepayments for equipment		(156,963)	(137,875)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(756,783)	(391,977)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:			
Decrease in short-term borrowings		(480,528)	(360,293)
Repayments of convertible bonds		(41,900)	=
Proceeds from long-term borrowings		679,760	1,170,173
Repayments of long-term borrowings		(430,000)	(855,000)
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received		(35)	134
Payment of lease liabilities		(86,168)	(99,374)
Cash dividends paid		(374,828)	(351,381)
Repurchase of treasury shares		(200.210)	(76,948)
Change in non-controlling interests Net cash flows used in financing activities	-	(280,319)	(262,788)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(1,014,018)	(835,477) 97,344
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(83,648) 137,978	333,414
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		2,563,670	2,230,256
Cash and cash equivalents at ordering of period	\$	2,701,648	2,563,670
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	w.	#1 V L,UTU	#,505,07U

Proposal: The Company's 2021 earnings Distribution.

Explanation:

- (1) In order to improve the capital structure and avoid dilution of earnings, the Company proposes full cash dividend distribution.
- (2) The net profit after tax in 2021 was NT\$ 882,804,895. After remeasurements of defined benefit plans NT\$1,437,705, the Company appropriates NT\$ 88,136,719 to legal reserve, subtracts special reserve NT\$ 71,824,275, and adds beginning retained earnings NT\$ 1,021,561,962. The distributable earnings amounted to NT\$ 1,742,968,158. The Company plans to distribute the dividends to shareholders with NT\$ 658,713,715 all in cash. After the approval of the general meeting of shareholders, an ex-dividend date and payment date for cash dividends will be set. Dividends are allocated based on the shareholding ratio of shareholders listed on Shareholders' Rosters on the ex-dividend record date; NT\$ 2.50 per share. The cash dividends shall be distributed to the NTD (decimals are rounded down). The total number of fractional amounts below NT\$1 shall be listed as the Company's other income.

If there is an increase or decrease in the total number of outstanding shares of the Company, which results in a change in the shareholders' payout ratio, it is proposed to request the shareholders' meeting to authorize the Board of Directors to deal with the matter in its sole discretion.

(3) Please refer to Earnings Distribution Table on page 46 of this Meeting Agenda.

Resolution:

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.

Fiscal Year 2021

Earnings Distribution Table

Unit: NTD

Items	Subtotal	Total
Beginning retained earnings (Beginning Balance)	1,021,561,962	
Add: Net profit after tax	882,804,895	
Add: Remeasurements of defined benefit plan	(1,437,705)	
Less: 10% legal reserve	88,136,719	
Less: Special Reserve as a deduction from other equity	71,824,275	
Distributable earnings		<u>1,742,968,158</u>
Less: Distributable items		
(1) Dividend to shareholders (NTD 2.5 per share)		
(NTD 2.5 per share of cash dividend)(Note)	<u>658,713,715</u>	658,713,715
Unappropriated retained earnings (Ending Balance)		1,084,254,443

Note:

- 1) If the Company transfers the Treasury Shares to the employees and affects the number of outstanding shares on the day of distribution of cash dividend or the distribution ratio of the directors' cash dividend, it will be adjusted by the board of directors based on the actual amount of outstanding shares on the day of distribution of cash dividend.
- 2) Total Stock dividend of the director for the current period NTD

658,713,715

3) 2021 net profit after tax after distribution NTD

62,692,481 Hasn't been distributed.

Discussion Items

Discussion Items

Proposed by the Board

Proposal:

1.

To Amend the rules for the corporation by-laws

Explanation:

- (1) To have a more flexible way to convene the shareholder meeting, regarding the Item 2.1 of Clause 172 in the Company Act we list in the articles of incorporation that it allows to convene the shareholders meeting via the video conference or other ways announced by the Central Competent Authorities. We plan to amend the corporation by-laws of the company, and the comparison table of amendment is below. We propose for the approval of 2022 shareholders meeting.
- (2) Please proceed to discuss.

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR Co., LTD.

Comparison Table of Amendment of "Corporation by-laws"

Article	Current	Amended	Remark
	Content	Content	
Article 11: Article	NA	It allows to convene the shareholders meeting via the video conference or other ways announced by the Ministry of Economic Affairs.	 Add new article Item 2.1 of Clause 172 in the Company Act was amended in December 29, 2021. The amendment indicates that public corporation shall adopt the rules of video conference in the shareholders meeting. Regarding the Article 1 of the Act, the articles of incorporation shall definite that the conference is conducted by online or other methods announced by the Central Competent Authorities (Also Ministry of Economic Affairs). To comply with the policy that the Central Competent Authorities promote the video conference, and to response to the demand of the digital era that the shareholders attend the shareholders meeting conveniently, the Company refers to the Act to convene the shareholders meeting of the Company by the video conference or other methods announced by the Central Competent Authorities. Thus, the company adds the Clause 11.
22	• • • • •	• • • • •	1 onows tins amendment

• • • •	The 44 th
	amendment in
	2022/06/21

Resolution:

Proposed by the Board

Proposal:

2.

To Amend the Convention Rules for Shareholder Meetings. Please proceed to discuss.

Explanation:

- (1) The amendment in accordance with No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Auditing- 1110133385 of SFB on March 7, 2022 and Public Announcement Securities-TPEx-Supervision-11100543771 of Taipei Exchange on March 11, 2022.
- (2) An amendment of the "Convention Rules for Shareholder Meetings "of the company is proposed. Comparison Table is as follow. It is submitted to the 2022 shareholders meeting.
- (3) Please proceed to discuss.

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR Co., LTD.

Comparison Table of Amendment of "Convention Rules for Shareholder Meetings"

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	Fixed by the directors on June 22,	Fixed by the directors on June 22,	Add this
	1996	1996	date of
	First Date of Revision and passed and	First Date of Revision and passed	revision
	executed by the Annual general	and executed by the Annual	
	meeting: June 19, 1998	general meeting: June 19, 1998	Refer to
	Second Date of Revision and passed	Second Date of Revision and	"The
	and executed by the Annual general	passed and executed by the Annual	Example of Convention
	meeting: June 24, 2002	general meeting: June 24, 2002	Rules for
	Third Date of Revision and passed	Third Date of Revision and passed	Shareholde
	and executed by the Annual general	and executed by the Annual	r Meetings
	meeting: June 15, 2004	general meeting: June 15, 2004	" (here in
	Forth Date of Revision and passed	Forth Date of Revision and passed	after refer
	and executed by the Annual general	and executed by the Annual	to as "the
	meeting: June 13, 2008	general meeting: June 13, 2008	example".)
	Fifth Date of Revision and passed and	Fifth Date of Revision and passed	
	executed by the Annual general	and executed by the Annual	
	meeting: June 13, 2016	general meeting: June 13, 2016	
	Sixth Date of Revision and passed and	Sixth Date of Revision and passed	
	executed by the Annual general	and executed by the Annual general	
	meeting: June 16, 2020	meeting: June 16, 2020	
	Seventh Date of Revision and passed	Seventh Date of Revision and	
	and executed by the Annual general	passed and executed by the Annual	
	meeting: June <u>16</u> , 2021	general meeting: June 16, 2021	
		Eighth Date of Revision and passed and executed by the Annual general	
		meeting: , 2022	
1	Unless otherwise provided by law or	Unless otherwise provided by law	Add:
	regulation, this Corporation's	or regulation, this Corporation's	Refer to the
	shareholders meeting rules shall		Rule 3 of

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	follow the rules listed in this	shareholders meeting rules shall	the
	convention rules.	follow the rules listed in this	example
		convention rules.	
		Changes to how this Corporation	
		convenes its shareholders meeting	
		shall be resolved by the board of	
		directors, and shall be made no	
		later than mailing of the	
		shareholders meeting notice.	
		This Corporation shall prepare	
		electronic versions of the	
		shareholders meeting notice and	
		proxy forms, and the origins of and	
		explanatory materials relating to all	
		proposals, including proposals for	
		ratification, matters for	
		deliberation, or the election or	
		dismissal of directors or	
		supervisors, and upload them to the	
		Market Observation Post System	
		(MOPS) before 30 days before the	
		date of a regular shareholders	
		meeting or before 15 days before	
		the date of a special shareholders	
		meeting. This Corporation shall	
		prepare electronic versions of the	
		shareholders meeting agenda and	
		supplemental meeting materials and	
		upload them to the MOPS before	
		21 days before the date of the	
		regular shareholders meeting or	
		before 15 days before the date of	
		the special shareholders meeting. If,	
		however, this Corporation has the	
		paid-in capital of NT\$10 billion or	
		more as of the last day of the most	
		current fiscal year, or total	
		shareholding of foreign	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
		shareholders and PRC shareholders	
		reaches 30% or more as recorded in	
		the register of shareholders of the	
		shareholders meeting held in the	
		immediately preceding year,	
		transmission of these electronic	
		files shall be made by 30 days	
		before the regular shareholders	
		meeting. In addition, before 15	
		days before the date of the	
		shareholders meeting, this	
		Corporation shall also have	
		prepared the shareholders meeting	
		agenda and supplemental meeting	
		materials and made them available	
		for review by shareholders at any	
		time. The meeting agenda and	
		supplemental materials shall also be	
		displayed at this Corporation and	
		the professional shareholder	
		services agent designated thereby.	
		This Corporate shall make the	
		meeting agenda and supplemental	
		meeting materials in the preceding	
		paragraph available to shareholders	
		for review in the following manner	
		on the date of the shareholders	
		meeting:	
		1. For physical shareholders	
		meetings, to be distributed on-site	
		at the meeting.	
		2. For hybrid shareholders	
		meetings, to be distributed on-site	
		at the meeting and shared on the	
		virtual meeting platform.	
		3. For virtual-only shareholders	
		meetings, electronic files shall be	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
		shared on the virtual meeting	
		platform.	
2		This Corporation shall specify in its	Add:
		shareholders meeting notices the	Refer to the Rule 6 of
		time during which attendance	the
		registrations for shareholders,	example
		solicitors and proxies (collectively	
		"shareholders") will be accepted,	
		the place to register for attendance,	
		and other matters for attention.	
		The time during which shareholder	
		attendance registrations will be	
		accepted, as stated in the preceding	
		paragraph, shall be at least 30	
		minutes prior to the time the	
		meeting commences. The place at	
		which attendance registrations are	
		accepted shall be clearly marked	
		and a sufficient number of suitable	
		personnel assigned to handle the	
		registrations. For virtual	
		shareholders meetings,	
		shareholders may begin to register	
		on the virtual meeting platform 30	
		minutes before the meeting starts.	
		Shareholders completing	
		registration will be deemed as	
		attend the shareholders meeting in	
		person.	
		Shareholders shall attend	
		shareholders meetings based on	
		attendance cards, sign-in cards, or	
		other certificates of attendance.	
		This Corporation may not	
		arbitrarily add requirements for	
		other documents beyond those	
		showing eligibility to attend	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
		presented by shareholders.	
		Solicitors soliciting proxy forms	
		shall also bring identification	
		documents for verification.	
	This Corporation shall furnish the	This Corporation shall furnish the	
	attending shareholders with an	attending shareholders with an	
	attendance book to sign, or attending	attendance book to sign, or	
	shareholders may hand in a sign-in	attending shareholders may hand in	
	card in lieu of signing in.	a sign-in card in lieu of signing in.	
		In the event of a virtual	Add:
		shareholders meeting, shareholders	Refer to the
		wishing to attend the meeting	Rule 9 of
		online shall register with this	the example
		Corporation two days before the	CXampic
		meeting date.	
		In the event of a virtual	
		shareholders meeting, this	
		Corporation shall upload the	
		meeting agenda book, annual report	
		and other meeting materials to the	
		virtual meeting platform at least 30	
		minutes before the meeting starts,	
		and keep this information disclosed	
		until the end of the meeting.	
	The number of shares in attendance	The number of shares in attendance	
	shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance	shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance	
	book and sign-in cards handed in, and	book and sign-in cards handed in,	
	the shares checked in on the virtual	and the shares checked in on the	
	meeting platform, plus the number of	virtual meeting platform, plus the	
	shares whose voting rights are	number of shares whose voting	
	exercised by correspondence or electronically.	rights are exercised by correspondence or electronically.	
2-1	electronicary.	To convene a virtual shareholders	Add:
		meeting, this Corporation shall	Refer to the
		include the follow particulars in the	Rule 6-1 of
		shareholders meeting notice:	the
			example

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
		1. How shareholders attend the	
		virtual meeting and exercise their	
		rights.	
		2. Actions to be taken if the virtual	
		meeting platform or participation in	
		the virtual meeting is obstructed	
		due to natural disasters, accidents	
		or other force majeure events, at	
		least covering the following	
		particulars:	
		A. To what time the meeting is	
		postponed or from what time the	
		meeting will resume if the above	
		obstruction continues and cannot be	
		removed, and the date to which the	
		meeting is postponed or on which	
		the meeting will resume.	
		B. Shareholders not having	
		registered to attend the affected	
		virtual shareholders meeting shall	
		not attend the postponed or	
		resumed session.	
		C. In case of a hybrid shareholders	
		meeting, when the virtual meeting	
		cannot be continued, if the total	
		number of shares represented at the	
		meeting, after deducting those	
		represented by shareholders	
		attending the virtual shareholders	
		meeting online, meets the minimum	
		legal requirement for a shareholder	
		meeting, then the shareholders	
		meeting shall continue. The shares	
		represented by shareholders	
		attending the virtual meeting online	
		shall be counted towards the total	
		number of shares represented by	
		shareholders present at the meeting,	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
		and the shareholders attending the	
		virtual meeting online shall be	
		deemed abstaining from voting on	
		all proposals on meeting agenda of	
		that shareholders meeting.	
		D. Actions to be taken if the	
		outcome of all proposals have been	
		announced and extraordinary	
		motion has not been carried out.	
		3. To convene a virtual-only	
		shareholders meeting, appropriate	
		alternative measures available to	
		shareholders with difficulties in	
		attending the video shareholders	
		meeting online shall be specified.	
4	The venue for a shareholders meeting	The venue for a shareholders	Add:
	shall be the premises of this	meeting shall be the premises of	Refer to the
	Corporation, or a place easily	this Corporation, or a place easily	Rule 5 of the
	accessible to shareholders and suitable	accessible to shareholders and	example
	for a shareholders meeting. The	suitable for a shareholders meeting.	
	meeting may begin no earlier than 9	The meeting may begin no earlier	
	a.m. and no later than 3 p.m. Full	than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m.	
	consideration shall be given to the	Full consideration shall be given to	
	opinions of the independent directors	the opinions of the independent	
	with respect to the place and time of	directors with respect to the place	
	the meeting.	and time of the meeting.	
		The restrictions on the place of the	
		meeting shall not apply when this	
		Corporation convenes a virtual-	
		only shareholders meeting.	
7	This Corporation, beginning from the	This Corporation, beginning from	Add:
	time it accepts shareholder attendance	the time it accepts shareholder	Refer to the Rule 8 of
	registrations, shall make an	attendance registrations, shall make	the
	uninterrupted audio and video	an uninterrupted audio and video	example
	recording of the registration	recording of the registration	Requireme
	procedure, the proceedings of the	procedure, the proceedings of the	nt of
	shareholders meeting, and the voting	shareholders meeting, and the	company
	and vote counting procedures.		manageme nt
		<u>l</u>	p.r.t

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
		voting and vote counting	
		procedures.	
		The recorded materials of the	
		preceding paragraph shall be	
		retained for at least one year. If,	
		however, a shareholder files a	
		lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of	
		the Company Act, the recording	
		shall be retained until the	
		conclusion of the litigation.	
		Where a shareholders meeting is	
		held online, this Corporation shall	
		keep records of shareholder	
		registration, sign-in, check-in,	
		questions raised, votes cast and	
		results of votes counted by this	
		Corporation, and continuously	
		audio and video record, without	
		interruption, the proceedings of the	
		virtual meeting from beginning to	
		end.	
		The information and audio and	
		video recording in the preceding	
		paragraph shall be properly kept by	
		this Corporation during the entirety	
		of its existence, and copies of the	
		audio and video recording shall be	
		provided to and kept by the party	
		appointed to handle matters of the	
		virtual meeting.	
		In case of a virtual shareholders	
		meeting, this Corporation is	
		advised to audio and video record	
		the back-end operation interface of	
		the virtual meeting platform.	
8	The chair shall call the meeting to	The chair shall call the meeting to	Add:
	order at the appointed meeting time	order at the appointed meeting time	Refer to the
	and announce relevant information		Rule 9 of
	such as number of non-voting rights	such as number of non-voting	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	and of shares present at the same time.	rights and of shares present at the	the
	However, when the attending	same time. However, when the	example
	shareholders do not represent a	attending shareholders do not	
	majority of the total number of issued	represent a majority of the total	
	shares, the chair may announce a	number of issued shares, the chair	
	postponement, provided that no more	may announce a postponement,	
	than two such postponements, for a	provided that no more than two	
	combined total of no more than 1	such postponements, for a	
	hour, may be made.	combined total of no more than 1	
	•	hour, may be made.	
		If the quorum is not met after two	
		postponements and the attending	
		shareholders still represent less than	
		one third of the total number of	
		issued shares, the chair shall	
		declare the meeting adjourned. In	
		the event of a virtual shareholders	
		meeting, this Corporation shall also	
		declare the meeting adjourned at	
		the virtual meeting platform.	
	If the quorum is not met after two	If the quorum is not met after two	
	postponements, but the attending	postponements, but the attending	
	shareholders represent one third or	shareholders represent one third or	
	more of the total number of issued	more of the total number of issued	
	shares, the situation must be handled	shares, the situation must be	
	in accordance with Article 175-1 of	handled in accordance with Article	
	the Company Act.	175-1 of the Company Act; all	
		shareholders shall be notified of the	
		tentative resolution and another	
		shareholders meeting shall be	
		convened within one month. In the	
		event of a virtual shareholders	
		meeting, shareholders intending to	
		attend the meeting online shall re-	
		register to this Corporation in	
		accordance with Article 6.	
	When, prior to conclusion of the	When, prior to conclusion of the	
	meeting, the attending shareholders	meeting, the attending shareholders	
	represent a majority of the total	represent a majority of the total	
	number of issued shares, the chair may	number of issued shares, the chair	
	resubmit the tentative resolutions	may resubmit the tentative	
	made previously for a vote by the	resolutions made previously for a	
	Shareholders' Meeting in accordance	vote by the Shareholders' Meeting	
	with Article 174, Paragraph 1 of the	in accordance with Article 174,	
	Company Law.	Paragraph 1 of the Company Law.	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
11	Except with the consent of the chair, a	Except with the consent of the	Added:
	shareholder may not speak more than	chair, a shareholder may not speak	Refer to
	twice on the same proposal, and a	more than twice on the same	Article 11
	single speech may not exceed 5	proposal, and a single speech may	of "the
	minutes. If the shareholder's speech	not exceed 5 minutes. If the	Rules"
	violates the rules or exceeds the scope	shareholder's speech violates the	
	of the agenda item, the chair may	rules or exceeds the scope of the	
	terminate the speech.	agenda item, the chair may terminate the speech.	
		Where a virtual shareholders	
		meeting is convened, shareholders	
		attending the virtual meeting online	
		may raise questions in writing at	
		the virtual meeting platform from	
		the chair declaring the meeting	
		open until the chair declaring the	
		meeting adjourned. No more than	
		two questions for the same proposal	
		may be raised. Each question shall	
		contain no more than 200 words.	
		The regulations in paragraphs 1 to 5	
		do not apply.	
15	Vote monitoring and counting	Vote monitoring and counting	Added:
	personnel for the voting on a proposal		Refer to
	shall be appointed by the chair,	proposal shall be appointed by the	Article 13
	provided that all monitoring personnel	chair, provided that all monitoring	of "the
	shall be shareholders of this	*	Rules"
	Corporation.	this Corporation.	
	the results of the voting shall be	the results of the voting shall be	
	announced on-site at the meeting, and	announced on-site at the meeting,	
	a record made of the vote.	and a record made of the vote.	
		When this Corporation convenes a	
		virtual shareholders meeting, after	
		the chair declares the meeting open,	
		shareholders attending the meeting	
		online shall cast votes on proposals	
		and elections on the virtual meeting	
		platform before the chair announces	
		the voting session ends or will be	
		deemed abstained from voting.	

		In the event of a virtual	
		in the event of a virtual	
		shareholders meeting, votes shall	
		be counted at once after the chair	
		announces the voting session ends,	
		and results of votes and elections	
		shall be announced immediately.	
		When this Corporation convenes a	
		hybrid shareholders meeting, if	
		shareholders who have registered to	
		attend the meeting online in	
		accordance with Article 6 decide to	
		attend the physical shareholders	
		meeting in person, they shall	
		revoke their registration two days	
		before the shareholders meeting in	
		the same manner as they registered.	
		If their registration is not revoked	
		within the time limit, they may only	
		attend the shareholders meeting	
		online.	
		When shareholders exercise voting	
		rights by correspondence or	
		electronic means, unless they have	
		withdrawn the declaration of intent	
		and attended the shareholders	
		meeting online, except for	
		extraordinary motions, they will not	
		exercise voting rights on the	
		original proposals or make any	
		amendments to the original	
		proposals or exercise voting rights	
		on amendments to the original	
		proposal.	
17	A shareholder shall be entitled to one	A shareholder shall be entitled to	Added:
	vote for each share held, except when	one vote for each share held, except	Refer to
	the shares are restricted shares or are	when the shares are restricted	Article 13
	deemed non-voting shares under	shares or are deemed non-voting	of "the Rules"
	- -		1105

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	Article 179, paragraph 2 of the	shares under Article 179, paragraph	
	Company Act.	2 of the Company Act.	
	When this Corporation holds a	When this Corporation holds a	
	shareholder meeting, it shall adopt	shareholder meeting, it shall adopt	
	exercise of voting rights by electronic	exercise of voting rights by	
	means and may adopt exercise of	electronic means and may adopt	
	voting rights by correspondence.	exercise of voting rights by	
	When voting rights are exercised by	correspondence. When voting	
	correspondence or electronic means,	rights are exercised by	
	the method of exercise shall be	correspondence or electronic	
	specified in the shareholders meeting	means, the method of exercise shall	
	notice. A shareholder exercising	be specified in the shareholders	
	voting rights by correspondence or	meeting notice. A shareholder	
	electronic means will be deemed to	exercising voting rights by	
	have attended the meeting in person,	correspondence or electronic means	
	but to have waived his/her rights with	will be deemed to have attended the	
	respect to the extraordinary motions	meeting in person, but to have	
	and amendments to original proposals	waived his/her rights with respect	
	of that meeting; it is therefore	to the extraordinary motions and	
	advisable that this Corporation avoid	amendments to original proposals	
	the submission of extraordinary	of that meeting; it is therefore	
	motions and amendments to original	advisable that this Corporation	
	proposals.	avoid the submission of	
	A shareholder intending to exercise	extraordinary motions and	
	voting rights by correspondence or	amendments to original proposals.	
	electronic means under the preceding	A shareholder intending to exercise	
	paragraph shall deliver a written	voting rights by correspondence or	
	declaration of intent to this	electronic means under the	
	Corporation before two days before	preceding paragraph shall deliver a	
	the date of the shareholders meeting.	written declaration of intent to this	
	When duplicate declarations of intent	Corporation before two days before	
	are delivered, the one received earliest	the date of the shareholders	
	shall prevail, except when a	meeting. When duplicate	
	declaration is made to cancel the	declarations of intent are delivered,	
	earlier declaration of intent.	the one received earliest shall	
	After a shareholder has exercised	prevail, except when a declaration	
	voting rights by correspondence or	is made to cancel the earlier	
	electronic means, in the event the	declaration of intent.	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	shareholder intends to attend the	After a shareholder has exercised	
	shareholders meeting in person, a	voting rights by correspondence or	
	written declaration of intent to retract	electronic means, in the event the	
	the voting rights already exercised	shareholder intends to attend the	
	under the preceding paragraph shall be	shareholders meeting in person or	Added:
	made known to this Corporation, by	online, a written declaration of	Refer to
	the same means by which the voting	intent to retract the voting rights	Article 13
	rights were exercised, before two	already exercised under the	of "the Rules"
	business days before the date of the	preceding paragraph shall be made	Ruics
	shareholders meeting. If the notice of	known to this Corporation, by the	
	retraction is submitted after that time,	same means by which the voting	
	the voting rights already exercised by	rights were exercised, before two	
	correspondence or electronic means	business days before the date of the	
	shall prevail. When a shareholder has	shareholders meeting. If the notice	
	exercised voting rights both by	of retraction is submitted after that	
	correspondence or electronic means	time, the voting rights already	
	and by appointing a proxy to attend a	exercised by correspondence or	
	shareholders meeting, the voting rights	electronic means shall prevail.	
	exercised by the proxy in the meeting	When a shareholder has exercised	
	shall prevail.	voting rights both by	
		correspondence or electronic means	
		and by appointing a proxy to attend	
		a shareholders meeting, the voting	
		rights exercised by the proxy in the	
		meeting shall prevail.	Added:
		If, after a proxy form is delivered to	Refer to
		this Corporation, a shareholder	Article 4 of "the
		wishes to attend the shareholders	Rules"
		meeting online, a written notice of	
		proxy cancellation shall be	
		submitted to this Corporation two	
		business days before the meeting	
		date. If the cancellation notice is	
		submitted after that time, votes cast	
		at the meeting by the proxy shall	
		prevail.	
	Except as otherwise provided in the	Except as otherwise provided in the	
	Company Act and in this	Company Act and in this	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	Corporation's articles of incorporation,	Corporation's articles of	
	the passage of a proposal shall require	incorporation, the passage of a	
	an affirmative vote of a majority of the	proposal shall require an	
	voting rights represented by the	affirmative vote of a majority of the	
	attending shareholders. At the time of	voting rights represented by the	
	a vote, for each proposal, the chair or a	attending shareholders. At the time	
	person designated by the chair shall	of a vote, for each proposal, the	
	first announce the total number of	chair or a person designated by the	
	voting rights represented by the	chair shall first announce the total	
	attending shareholders, followed by a	number of voting rights represented	
	poll of the shareholders. After the	by the attending shareholders,	
	conclusion of the meeting, on the same	followed by a poll of the	
	day it is held, the results for each	shareholders. After the conclusion	
	proposal, based on the numbers of	of the meeting, on the same day it	
	votes for and against and the number	is held, the results for each	
	of abstentions, shall be entered into the	proposal, based on the numbers of	
	MOPS.	votes for and against and the	
		number of abstentions, shall be	
		entered into the MOPS.	
<u>21</u>	Matters relating to the resolutions of a	Matters relating to the resolutions	
	Shareholders' Meeting shall be	of a Shareholders' Meeting shall be	
	recorded in the meeting minutes. The	recorded in the meeting minutes.	
	meeting minutes shall be signed or	The meeting minutes shall be	
	sealed by the chair of the meeting and	signed or sealed by the chair of the	
	shall be distributed to each shareholder	meeting and shall be distributed to	
	within twenty days after the meeting.	each shareholder within twenty	
	The meeting minutes may be made	days after the meeting. The meeting	
	and distributed in electronic form.	minutes may be made and	
	The Company may distribute the	distributed in electronic form.	
	meeting minutes of the preceding	The Company may distribute the	
	paragraph by means of a public	meeting minutes of the preceding	
	announcement made through the	paragraph by means of a public	
	MOPS.	announcement made through the	
	The meeting minutes shall accurately	MOPS.	
	record the year, month, day, and place	The meeting minutes shall	
	of the meeting, the chair's full name, the procedures by which resolutions	accurately record the year, month,	
	were adopted, and a summary of the	day, and place of the meeting, the chair's full name, the procedures by	
	deliberations and their results	which resolutions were adopted,	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	(including the number of voting rights)	and a summary of the deliberations	
	for director and supervisors elections,	and their results (including the	
	the number of votes for each candidate	number of voting rights) for	
	should be disclosed, and shall be	director and supervisors elections,	
	retained for the duration of the existence of the Company.	the number of votes for each candidate should be disclosed, and	
	existence of the company.	shall be retained for the duration of	
		the existence of the Company.	
		When convening a virtual-only	Added:
		shareholder meeting, other than	Refer to
		compliance with the requirements	Article 15 of "the
		in the preceding paragraph, this	Rules"
		Corporation shall specify in the	
		meeting minutes alternative	
		measures available to shareholders	
		with difficulties in attending a	
		virtual-only shareholders meeting	
		online.	
<u>22</u>		On the day of a shareholders	Added:
		meeting, this Corporation shall	Refer to
		compile in the prescribed format a	Article 16 of "the
		statistical statement of the number	Rules"
		of shares obtained by solicitors	
		through solicitation, the number of	
		shares represented by proxies and	
		the number of shares represented	
		by shareholders attending the	
		meeting by correspondence or	
		electronic means, and shall make an	
		express disclosure of the same at	
		the place of the shareholders	
		meeting. In the event a virtual	
		shareholders meeting, this	
		Corporation shall upload the above	
		meeting materials to the virtual	
		meeting platform at least 30	
		minutes before the meeting starts,	
		and keep this information disclosed	
		until the end of the meeting.	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
		During this Corporation's virtual	
		shareholders meeting, when the	
		meeting is called to order, the total	
		number of shares represented at the	
		meeting shall be disclosed on the	
		virtual meeting platform. The same	
		shall apply whenever the total	
		number of shares represented at the	
		meeting and a new tally of votes is	
		released during the meeting.	
		If matters put to a resolution at a	
		shareholders meeting constitute	
		material information under	
		applicable laws or regulations or	
		under Taiwan Stock Exchange	
		Corporation (or Taipei Exchange	
		Market) regulations, this	
		Corporation shall upload the	
		content of such resolution to the	
		MOPS within the prescribed time	
		period.	
<u>23</u>		In the event of a virtual	Added:
		shareholders meeting, this	Refer to
		Corporation shall disclose real-time	Article 19
		results of votes and election immediately after the end of the	of "the Rules"
		voting session on the virtual	Rules
		meeting platform according to the	
		regulations, and this disclosure	
		shall continue at least 15 minutes	
		after the chair has announced the	
		meeting adjourned.	
<u>24</u>		When this Corporation convenes a	Added:
		virtual-only shareholders meeting,	Refer to
		both the chair and secretary shall be	Article 20
		in the same location, and the chair	of "the
		·	Rules"
		location when the meeting is called	
		to order.	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
<u>25</u>		In the event of a virtual	Added:
		shareholders meeting, this	Refer to
		Corporation may offer a simple	Article 21
		connection test to shareholders	of "the Rules"
		prior to the meeting, and provide	reares
		relevant real-time services before	
		and during the meeting to help	
		resolve communication technical	
		issues.	
		In the event of a virtual	
		shareholders meeting, when	
		declaring the meeting open, the	
		chair shall also declare, unless	
		under a circumstance where a	
		meeting is not required to be	
		postponed to or resumed at another	
		time under Article 44-20, paragraph	
		4 of the Regulations Governing the	
		Administration of Shareholder	
		Services of Public Companies, if	
		the virtual meeting platform or	
		participation in the virtual meeting	
		is obstructed due to natural	
		disasters, accidents or other force	
		majeure events before the chair has	
		announced the meeting adjourned,	
		and the obstruction continues for	
		more than 30 minutes, the meeting	
		shall be postponed to or resumed on	
		another date within five days, in	
		which case Article 182 of the	
		Company Act shall not apply.	
		For a meeting to be postponed or	
		resumed as described in the	
		preceding paragraph, shareholders	
		who have not registered to	
		participate in the affected	
		shareholders meeting online shall	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
		not attend the postponed or	
		resumed session.	
		For a meeting to be postponed or	
		resumed under the second	
		paragraph, the number of shares	
		represented by, and voting rights	
		and election rights exercised by the	
		shareholders who have registered to	
		participate in the affected	
		shareholders meeting and have	
		successfully signed in the meeting,	
		but do not attend the postpone or	
		resumed session, at the affected	
		shareholders meeting, shall be	
		counted towards the total number	
		of shares, number of voting rights	
		and number of election rights	
		represented at the postponed or	
		resumed session.	
		During a postponed or resumed	
		session of a shareholders meeting	
		held under the second paragraph,	
		no further discussion or resolution	
		is required for proposals for which	
		votes have been cast and counted	
		and results have been announced,	
		or list of elected directors and	
		supervisors.	
		When this Corporation convenes a	
		hybrid shareholders meeting, and	
		the virtual meeting cannot continue	
		as described in second paragraph, if	
		the total number of shares	
		represented at the meeting, after	
		deducting those represented by	
		shareholders attending the virtual	
		shareholders meeting online, still	
		meets the minimum legal	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
		requirement for a shareholder	
		meeting, then the shareholders	
		meeting shall continue, and not	
		postponement or resumption	
		thereof under the second paragraph	
		is required.	
		Under the circumstances where a	
		meeting should continue as in the	
		preceding paragraph, the shares	
		represented by shareholders	
		attending the virtual meeting online	
		shall be counted towards the total	
		number of shares represented by	
		shareholders present at the meeting,	
		provided these shareholders shall	
		be deemed abstaining from voting	
		on all proposals on meeting agenda	
		of that shareholders meeting.	
		When postponing or resuming a	
		meeting according to the second	
		paragraph, this Corporation shall	
		handle the preparatory work based	
		on the date of the original	
		shareholders meeting in accordance	
		with the requirements listed under	
		Article 44-20, paragraph 7 of the	
		Regulations Governing the	
		Administration of Shareholder	
		Services of Public Companies.	
		For dates or period set forth under	
		Article 12, second half, and Article	
		13, paragraph 3 of Regulations	
		Governing the Use of Proxies for	
		Attendance at Shareholder	
		Meetings of Public Companies, and	
		Article 44-5, paragraph 2, Article	
		44-15, and Article 44-17, paragraph	
		1 of the Regulations Governing the	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
		Administration of Shareholder	
		Services of Public Companies, this	
		Corporations hall handle the matter	
		based on the date of the	
		shareholders meeting that is	
		postponed or resumed under the	
		second paragraph.	
<u>26</u>		When convening a virtual-only	Added:
		shareholders meeting, this	Refer to
		Corporation shall provide	Article 22
		appropriate alternative measures	of "the
		available to shareholders with	Rules"
		difficulties in attending the video	
		shareholders meeting online.	
<u>27</u>	These Rules, and any amendments	These Rules, and any amendments	Shift the
	hereto, shall be implemented after	hereto, shall be implemented after	Article No.
	adoption by Shareholders' Meetings.	adoption by Shareholders'	
		Meetings.	

3.

Proposal:

To amend the Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets. Please proceed to discuss.

Explanation:

- (1) The amendment in accordance with No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Auditing-1110380465 of SFB on January 28, 2022 and Public Announcement Securities-TPEx-Supervision-1110052109 of Taipei Exchange on February 9, 2022.
- (2) An amendment of the "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets" of the company is proposed. Comparison Table is as follow. It is submitted to the 2022 shareholders meeting.
- (3) Please proceed to discuss.

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR Co., LTD.

Comparison Table of Amendment of "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets"

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
3	1.In acquiring or disposing of real	1.In acquiring or disposing of real	Refer to
	property, equipment, or right-of-use	property, equipment, or right-of-use	Clause 9
	assets thereof where the transaction	assets thereof where the transaction	of
	amount reaches 20 percent of the	amount reaches 20 percent of the	"Regulati
	company's paid-in capital or NT\$300	company's paid-in capital or	ons
	million or more, the company, unless	NT\$300 million or more, the	Governin
	transacting with a domestic	company, unless transacting with a	g the
	government agency, engaging others	domestic government agency,	Acquisiti
	to build on its own land, engaging	engaging others to build on its own	on and
	others to build on rented land, or	land, engaging others to build on	Disposal
	acquiring or disposing of equipment or	rented land, or acquiring or	of Assets
	right-of-use assets thereof held for	disposing of equipment or right-of-	by Public
	business use, shall obtain an appraisal	use assets thereof held for business	Compani
	report prior to the date of occurrence	use, shall obtain an appraisal report	es
	of the event from a professional	prior to the date of occurrence of	" (here in
	appraiser and shall further comply	the event from a professional	after refer
	with the following provisions:	appraiser and shall further comply	to as "the Regulation
	(1) Where due to special	with the following provisions:	".)
	circumstances it is necessary to give a	(1) Where due to special	,
	limited price, specified price, or	circumstances it is necessary to	
	special price as a reference basis for	give a limited price, specified price,	
	the transaction price, the transaction	or special price as a reference basis	
	shall be submitted for approval in	for the transaction price, the	
	advance by the board of directors; the	transaction shall be submitted for	
	same procedure shall also be followed	approval in advance by the board of	
	whenever there is any subsequent	directors; the same procedure shall	
	change to the terms and conditions of	also be followed whenever there is	
	the transaction.	any subsequent change to the terms	
	(2) Where the transaction amount is	and conditions of the transaction.	
	NT\$1 billion or more, appraisals from	(2) Where the transaction amount is	
	two or more professional appraisers	NT\$1 billion or more, appraisals	
	shall be obtained.	from two or more professional	
	(3) Where any one of the following	appraisers shall be obtained.	
	circumstances applies with respect to	(3) Where any one of the following	
	the professional appraiser's appraisal	circumstances applies with respect	

A4! - 1	Command Countries	A a d a d . C t	D an1-
Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	results, unless all the appraisal results	to the professional appraiser's	
	for the assets to be acquired are higher	appraisal results, unless all the	
	than the transaction amount, or all the	appraisal results for the assets to be	
	appraisal results for the assets to be	acquired are higher than the	
	disposed of are lower than the	transaction amount, or all the	
	transaction amount, a certified public	appraisal results for the assets to be	
	accountant shall be engaged to	disposed of are lower than the	
	perform the appraisal <u>in accordance</u>	transaction amount, a certified	Based on
	with the provisions of Statement of	public accountant shall be engaged	the self-
	Auditing Standards No. 20 published	to render a specific opinion	regulatory
	by the ROC Accounting Research and	regarding the reason for the	rules of the
	<u>Development Foundation (ARDF)</u> and	discrepancy and the	industry association
	render a specific opinion regarding the	appropriateness of the transaction	s to which
	reason for the discrepancy and the	price:	they belong
	appropriateness of the transaction	A. The discrepancy between the	
	price:	appraisal result and the transaction	
	A. The discrepancy between the	amount is 20 percent or more of the	
	appraisal result and the transaction	transaction amount.	
	amount is 20 percent or more of the	B. The discrepancy between the	
	transaction amount.	appraisal results of two or more	
	B. The discrepancy between the	professional appraisers is 10	
	appraisal results of two or more	percent or more of the transaction	
	professional appraisers is 10 percent or	amount.	
	more of the transaction amount.	(4) No more than 3 months may	
	(4) No more than 3 months may elapse	elapse between the date of the	
	between the date of the appraisal	appraisal report issued by a	
	report issued by a professional	professional appraiser and the	
	appraiser and the contract execution	contract execution date; provided,	
	date; provided, where the publicly	where the publicly announced	
	announced current value for the same	current value for the same period is	
	period is used and not more than 6	used and not more than 6 months	
	months have elapsed, an opinion may	have elapsed, an opinion may still	
	still be issued by the original	be issued by the original	
	professional appraiser.	professional appraiser.	
	2. Acquiring or disposing of securities	2. Acquiring or disposing of	
	shall, prior to the date of occurrence of	securities shall, prior to the date of	
	the event, obtain financial statements	occurrence of the event, obtain	
	of the issuing company for the most	financial statements of the issuing	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	recent period, certified or reviewed by	company for the most recent	
	a certified public accountant, for	period, certified or reviewed by a	
	reference in appraising the transaction	certified public accountant, for	
	price, and if the dollar amount of the	reference in appraising the	
	transaction is 20 percent of the	transaction price, and if the dollar	
	company's paid-in capital or NT\$300	amount of the transaction is 20	
	million or more, the company shall	percent of the company's paid-in	
	additionally engage a certified public	capital or NT\$300 million or more,	
	accountant prior to the date of	the company shall additionally	
	occurrence of the event to provide an	engage a certified public accountant	
	opinion regarding the reasonableness	prior to the date of occurrence of	Amendmen
	of the transaction price. <u>If the CPA</u>	the event to provide an opinion	t: The
	needs to use the report of an expert as	regarding the reasonableness of the	reason is same as
	evidence, the CPA shall do so in	transaction price. This requirement	above.
	accordance with the provisions of	does not apply, however, to	Refer to the
	Statement of Auditing Standards No.	publicly quoted prices of securities	Clause 10
	20 published by the ARDF. This	that have an active market, or	of the
	requirement does not apply, however,	where otherwise provided by	Regulation
	to publicly quoted prices of securities	regulations of the Financial	
	that have an active market, or where	Supervisory Commission (FSC).	
	otherwise provided by regulations of	3. Acquire or dispose of intangible	
	the Financial Supervisory Commission	assets or right-of-use assets thereof	
	(FSC).	or memberships and the transaction	
	3. Acquire or dispose of intangible	amount reaches 20 percent or more	
	assets or right-of-use assets thereof or	of paid-in capital or NT\$300	
	memberships and the transaction	million or more, except in	
	amount reaches 20 percent or more of	transactions with a domestic	
	paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or	government agency, the company	
	more, except in transactions with a	shall engage a certified public	
	domestic government agency, the	accountant prior to the date of	
	company shall engage a certified	occurrence of the event to render an	
	public accountant prior to the date of	opinion on the reasonableness of	
	occurrence of the event to render an	the transaction price.	
	opinion on the reasonableness of the	4. The calculation of the transaction	Amendmen
	transaction price; the CPA shall	amounts referred to in the	t: Refer to
	comply with the provisions of	preceding three articles shall be	the Clause 11 of the
	Statement of Auditing Standards No.	done in accordance with Article 31,	Regulation
	20 published by the ARDF.	paragraph 2 herein, and "within the	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	4. The calculation of the transaction	preceding year" as used herein	
	amounts referred to in the preceding	refers to the year preceding the date	
	three articles shall be done in	of occurrence of the current	
	accordance with Article 31, paragraph	transaction. Items for which an	
	2 herein, and "within the preceding	appraisal report from a professional	
	year" as used herein refers to the year	appraiser or a CPA's opinion has	
	preceding the date of occurrence of the	been obtained need not be counted	
	current transaction. Items for which an	toward the transaction amount.	
	appraisal report from a professional	5. Where a public company	
	appraiser or a CPA's opinion has been	acquires or disposes of assets	
	obtained need not be counted toward	through court auction procedures,	
	the transaction amount.	the evidentiary documentation	
	5. Where a public company acquires	issued by the court may be	
	or disposes of assets through court	substituted for the appraisal report	
	auction procedures, the evidentiary	or CPA opinion.	
	documentation issued by the court		
	may be substituted for the appraisal		
	report or CPA opinion.		
4	Related Party Transactions	Related Party Transactions	
	•••		
	2. When a public company intends to	2. When a public company intends	
	acquire or dispose of real property or	to acquire or dispose of real	
	right-of-use assets thereof from or to a	property or right-of-use assets	
	related party, or when it intends to	thereof from or to a related party, or	
	acquire or dispose of assets other than	when it intends to acquire or	
	real property or right-of-use assets	dispose of assets other than real	
	thereof from or to a related party and	property or right-of-use assets	
	the transaction amount reaches 20	thereof from or to a related party	
	percent or more of paid-in capital, 10	and the transaction amount reaches	
	percent or more of the company's total	20 percent or more of paid-in	
	assets, or NT\$300 million or more,	capital, 10 percent or more of the	
	except in trading of domestic	company's total assets, or NT\$300	
	government bonds or bonds under	million or more, except in trading	
	repurchase and resale agreements, or	of domestic government bonds or	
	subscription or redemption of money	bonds under repurchase and resale	
	market funds issued by domestic	agreements, or subscription or	
	securities investment trust enterprises,	redemption of money market funds	
	the company may not proceed to enter	issued by domestic securities	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	into a transaction contract or make a	investment trust enterprises, the	
	payment until the following matters	company may not proceed to enter	
	have been approved by the board of	into a transaction contract or make	
	directors and recognized by the	a payment until the following	
	supervisors:	matters have been approved by the	
	(1) The purpose, necessity and	board of directors and recognized	
	anticipated benefit of the acquisition	by the supervisors:	
	or disposal of assets.	(1) The purpose, necessity and	
	(2) The reason for choosing the related	anticipated benefit of the	
	party as a transaction counterparty.	acquisition or disposal of assets.	
	(3) With respect to the acquisition of	(2) The reason for choosing the	
	real property or right-of-use assets	related party as a transaction	
	thereof from a related party,	counterparty.	
	information regarding appraisal of the	(3) With respect to the acquisition	
	reasonableness of the preliminary	of real property or right-of-use	
	transaction terms in accordance with	assets thereof from a related party,	
	Article 16 and Article 17.	information regarding appraisal of	
	(4) The date and price at which the	the reasonableness of the	
	related party originally acquired the	preliminary transaction terms in	
	real property, the original transaction	accordance with Article 16 and	
	counterparty, and that transaction	Article 17.	
	counterparty's relationship to the	(4) The date and price at which the	
	company and the related party.	related party originally acquired the	
	(5) Monthly cash flow forecasts for	real property, the original	
	the year commencing from the	transaction counterparty, and that	
	anticipated month of signing of the	transaction counterparty's	
	contract, and evaluation of the	relationship to the company and the	
	necessity of the transaction, and	related party.	
	reasonableness of the funds utilization.	(5) Monthly cash flow forecasts for	
	(6) An appraisal report from a	the year commencing from the	
	professional appraiser or a CPA's	anticipated month of signing of the	
	opinion obtained in compliance with	contract, and evaluation of the	
	the preceding article.	necessity of the transaction, and	
	(7) Restrictive covenants and other	reasonableness of the funds	
	important stipulations associated with	utilization.	
	the transaction.	(6) An appraisal report from a	
		professional appraiser or a CPA's	
		opinion obtained in compliance	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
		with the preceding article.	
		(7) Restrictive covenants and other	
		important stipulations associated	
		with the transaction.	
		If a public company or a subsidiary	
		thereof that is not a domestic public	Amendmen
		company will have a transaction set	t: Refer to
		out in paragraph 1 and the	the Clause
		transaction amount will reach 10	15 of the Regulation
		percent or more of the public	Regulation
		company's total assets, the public	
		company shall submit the materials	
		in all the subparagraphs of	
		paragraph 1 to the shareholders	
		meeting for approval before the	
		transaction contract may be entered	
		into and any payment made.	
		However, this restriction does not	
		apply to transactions between the	
		public company and its parent	
		company or subsidiaries or between	
	The calculation of the transaction	its subsidiaries.	
	amounts referred to in this paragraph	The calculation of the transaction	
	shall be made in accordance with	amounts referred to in paragraph 1	Amendmen
	Article 31, paragraph 2 herein, and	and the preceding paragraph shall	t: Refer to
	"within the preceding year" as used	be made in accordance with Article	the Clause
	herein refers to the year preceding the	31, paragraph 2 herein, and "within	15 of the
	date of occurrence of the current	the preceding year" as used herein	Regulation
	transaction. Items that have been	refers to the year preceding the date	
	approved by the shareholders meeting	of occurrence of the current	
	or board of directors and recognized	transaction. Items that have been	
	by the supervisors need not be counted	approved by the shareholders	
	toward the transaction amount.	meeting or board of directors and	
		recognized by the supervisors need	
		not be counted toward the	
		transaction amount.	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
7	General Principles	General Principles	Amendm
	13	13	ent: Refer
	4. Professional appraisers and their	4. Professional appraisers and their	to the
	officers, certified public accounts,	officers, certified public accounts,	Clause 5
	attorneys, and securities underwriters	attorneys, and securities	of the
	that provide the company with	underwriters that provide the	Regulatio
	appraisal reports, certified public	company with appraisal reports,	n
	accountant's opinions, attorney's	certified public accountant's	
	opinions, or underwriter's opinions	opinions, attorney's opinions, or	
	shall meet the following requirements:	underwriter's opinions shall meet	
	(1) May not have previously received	the following requirements:	
	a final and unappealable sentence to	(1) May not have previously	
	imprisonment for 1 year or longer for	received a final and unappealable	
	a violation of the Act, the Company	sentence to imprisonment for 1 year	
	Act, the Banking Act of The Republic	or longer for a violation of the Act,	
	of China, the Insurance Act, the	the Company Act, the Banking Act	
	Financial Holding Company Act, or	of The Republic of China, the	
	the Business Entity Accounting Act,	Insurance Act, the Financial	
	or for fraud, breach of trust,	Holding Company Act, or the	
	embezzlement, forgery of documents,	Business Entity Accounting Act, or	
	or occupational crime. However, this	for fraud, breach of trust,	
	provision does not apply if 3 years	embezzlement, forgery of	
	have already passed since completion	documents, or occupational crime.	
	of service of the sentence, since	However, this provision does not	
	expiration of the period of a suspended	apply if 3 years have already passed	
	sentence, or since a pardon was	since completion of service of the	
	received.	sentence, since expiration of the	
	(2) May not be a related party or de	period of a suspended sentence, or	
	facto related party of any party to the	since a pardon was received.	
	transaction.	(2) May not be a related party or de	
	(3) If the company is required to	facto related party of any party to	
	obtain appraisal reports from two or	the transaction.	
	more professional appraisers, the	(3) If the company is required to	
	different professional appraisers or	obtain appraisal reports from two or	
	appraisal officers may not be related	more professional appraisers, the	
	parties or de facto related parties of	different professional appraisers or	
	each other.	appraisal officers may not be	
	When issuing an appraisal report or	related parties or de facto related	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	opinion, the personnel referred to in	parties of each other.	
	the preceding paragraph shall comply	When issuing an appraisal report or	
	with the following:	opinion, the personnel referred to in	
	(1) Prior to accepting a case, they shall	the preceding paragraph shall	Based on
	prudently assess their own	comply with the self-regulatory	the self-
	professional capabilities, practical	rules of the industry associations to	regulatory rules of the
	experience, and independence.	which they belong and with the	industry
	(2) When examining a case, they shall	following provisions:	association
	appropriately plan and execute	(1) Prior to accepting a case, they	s to which
	adequate working procedures, in order	shall prudently assess their own	they belong
	to produce a conclusion and use the	professional capabilities, practical	
	conclusion as the basis for issuing the	experience, and independence.	
	report or opinion. The related working	(2) When conducting a case, they	
	procedures, data collected, and	shall appropriately plan and execute	
	conclusion shall be fully and	adequate working procedures, in	
	accurately specified in the case	order to produce a conclusion and	
	working papers.	use the conclusion as the basis for	
	(3) They shall undertake an item-by-	issuing the report or opinion. The	
	item evaluation of the	related working procedures, data	
	comprehensiveness, accuracy, and	collected, and conclusion shall be	
	reasonableness of the sources of data	fully and accurately specified in the	
	used, the parameters, and the	case working papers.	
	information, as the basis for issuance	(3) They shall undertake an item-	Correct
	of the appraisal report or the opinion.	by-item evaluation of the	the text to
	(4) They shall issue a statement	appropriateness and reasonableness	fulfill the
	attesting to the professional	of the sources of data used, the	reality.
	competence and independence of the	parameters, and the information, as	
	personnel who prepared the report or	the basis for issuance of the	
	opinion, and that they have evaluated	appraisal report or the opinion.	
	and found that the information used is	(4) They shall issue a statement	
	reasonable and accurate, and that they	attesting to the professional	
	have complied with applicable laws	competence and independence of	
	and regulations.	the personnel who prepared the	
	5	report or opinion, and that they	
		have evaluated and found that the	
		information used is appropriate and	
		reasonable, and that they have	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
		complied with applicable laws and	
		regulations.	
		5	
8	Public announce procedure shall	Public announce procedure shall	Amendm
	disclose and announce the period and	disclose and announce the period	ent: Refer
	the information	and the information	to the
	Under any of the following	Under any of the following	Clause 31
	circumstances, the company acquiring	circumstances, the company	of the
	or disposing of assets shall publicly	acquiring or disposing of assets	Regulatio
	announce and report the relevant	shall publicly announce and report	n
	information on the FSC's designated	the relevant information on the	
	website in the appropriate format as	FSC's designated website in the	
	prescribed by regulations within 2	appropriate format as prescribed by	
	days counting inclusively from the	regulations within 2 days counting	
	date of occurrence of the event:	inclusively from the date of	
	1 Acquisition or disposal of real	occurrence of the event:	
	property or right-of-use assets thereof	1 Acquisition or disposal of real	
	from or to a related party, or	property or right-of-use assets	
	acquisition or disposal of assets other	thereof from or to a related party, or	
	than real property or right-of-use	acquisition or disposal of assets	
	assets thereof from or to a related	other than real property or right-of-	
	party where the transaction amount	use assets thereof from or to a	
	reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in	related party where the transaction	
	capital, 10 percent or more of the	amount reaches 20 percent or more	
	company's total assets, or NT\$300	of paid-in capital, 10 percent or	
	million or more; provided, this shall	more of the company's total assets,	
	not apply to trading of domestic	or NT\$300 million or more;	
	government bonds or bonds under	provided, this shall not apply to	
	repurchase and resale agreements, or	trading of domestic government	
	subscription or redemption of money	bonds or bonds under repurchase	
	market funds issued by domestic	and resale agreements, or	
	securities investment trust enterprises.	subscription or redemption of	
	2. Merger, demerger, acquisition, or	money market funds issued by	
	transfer of shares.	domestic securities investment trust	
	3. Losses from derivatives trading	enterprises.	
	reaching the limits on aggregate losses	2. Merger, demerger, acquisition, or	
	or losses on individual contracts set	transfer of shares.	
		3. Losses from derivatives trading	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
	out in the procedures adopted by the	reaching the limits on aggregate	
	company.	losses or losses on individual	
	4. Where an asset transaction other	contracts set out in the procedures	
	than any of those referred to in the	adopted by the company.	
	preceding six subparagraphs, a	4. Where an asset transaction other	
	disposal of receivables by a financial	than any of those referred to in the	
	institution, or an investment in the	preceding six subparagraphs, a	
	mainland China area reaches 20	disposal of receivables by a	
	percent or more of paid-in capital or	financial institution, or an	
	NT\$300 million; provided, this shall	investment in the mainland China	
	not apply to the following	area reaches 20 percent or more of	
	circumstances:	paid-in capital or NT\$300 million;	
	A. Trading of domestic government	provided, this shall not apply to the	
	bonds.	following circumstances:	
		A. Trading of domestic government	
	B. Where done by professional	bonds or foreign government bonds	
	investors—securities trading on	with a rating that is not lower than	
	securities exchanges or OTC markets,	the sovereign rating of Taiwan.	
	or subscription of ordinary corporate		
	bonds or general bank debentures	B. Where done by professional	
	without equity characteristics	investors—securities trading on	
	(excluding subordinated debt) that are	securities exchanges or OTC	
	offered and issued in the primary	markets, or subscription of foreign	
	market, or subscription or redemption	government bonds, or of ordinary	
	of securities investment trust funds or	corporate bonds or general bank	
	futures trust funds, or subscription by	debentures without equity	
	a securities firm of securities as	characteristics (excluding	
	necessitated by its undertaking	subordinated debt) that are offered	
	business or as an advisory	and issued in the primary market,	
	recommending securities firm for an	or subscription or redemption of	
	emerging stock company, in	securities investment trust funds or	
	accordance with the rules of the Taipei	futures trust funds, or subscription	
	Exchange.	or redemption of exchange traded	
	C	notes, or subscription by a	
		securities firm of securities as	
		necessitated by its undertaking	
		business or as an advisory	
		recommending securities firm for	

Article	Current Content	Amended Content	Remark
		an emerging stock company, in	
		accordance with the rules of the	
		Taipei Exchange.	
		C	
	Fixed by the date: 1994.10.8	Fixed by the date: 1994.10.8	Add the
	First amendment date: 1995.5.20	First amendment date: 1995.5.20	amended
			date of
	15 th amendment date: 2019.6.14	15 th amendment date: 2019.6.14	this
		16 th amendment date: 2022	amendme
			nt

Extraordinary Motions

Adjournment

Appendix

(Appendix 1)

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD. Articles of Incorporation

Section I - General Provisions

- Article 1: The Company shall be incorporated, as a company limited by shares, under the Company Act of the Republic of China, and its name shall Taiwan Semiconductor CO., LTD.
- Article 2: The scope of business of the Company shall be as follows:
 - 1 · CC01080 Electronic Parts and Components Manufacturing
 - 2 · CB01020 Affairs Machine Manufacturing
 - 3 · CC01110 Computer and Peripheral Equipment Manufacturing
 - 4 · F401010 International Trade
 - 5 \ I103060 Management Consulting
 - 6 · F401021 Restrained Telecom Radio Frequency Equipments and Materials Import
 - 7 CC01101 Restrained Telecom Radio Frequency Equipments and Materials Manufacturing
 - 8 · ZZ99999 All business items that are not prohibited or restricted by law, except those that are subject to special approval.
- Article 2-1: The Company may provide mutual guarantees with companies in the same industry for its business needs.
- Article 2-2: The Company may, by resolution of the board of directors, invest in other entities, and is not subject to Article 13 of the Company Act that the total amount of investment shall not exceed 40% of the company's paid in capital.
- Article 3: The Company set up its headquarters in New Taipei City. If necessary, it may set up branch offices domestically or abroad with a resolution by the board of directors.

Article 4: (Deleted).

Section II - Shares

Article 5: The total capital of the company is rated at NT\$3.6 billion, divided into 360 million shares, and the amount per share is NT\$10, and the board of directors is authorized to issue shares on a separate basis. In the above total capital, NT\$100 million was reserved, and the shares were divided into 10 million shares at par value of NT\$10 per share, which is for the issuance of employees' share subscription warrants in order to exercise the subscription right. It shall be issued separately based on the resolution of the board of directors. The un-issued shares may be issued at several times by the Board of Directors.

- Article 6: If the company issued new shares, it shall reserve 10 to 15 percent of the total number of shares issued for employee subscription, which could be subscripted by employees of the company (or its parents or subsidiaries) who qualified certain requirements. If the company repurchased treasury share, it could be transferred to the employees of the company (or its parents or subsidiaries) who qualified certain requirements. If the company issued share subscription warrant, it could be participated by employees of the company (or its parents or subsidiaries) who qualified certain requirements. If the company issued restricted stock, it could be participated by employees of the company (or its parents or subsidiaries) who are qualified certain requirements. The term "employees of parent or subsidiary company who are qualified certain requirements" as used in this article, the Board of Directors is authorized to make separate provisions in accordance with the Company Act.
- Article 7: The share certificates of the Company shall all be registered share certificates, affixed with the signature or seal of representative directors and assigned with serial numbers, and may be issued only after having been duly certified or authenticated by the competent authority or by a registrar authorized by the competent authority. Share certificates issued by the Company are not required to be printed. The Company, however, shall register the issued shares with a centralized securities depositary enterprise.
- Article 8: Registration for transfer of shares shall be suspended sixty days immediately before the date of regular meeting of shareholders, and thirty days immediately before the date of any special meeting of shareholders, or within five days before the day on which dividend, bonus, or any other benefit is scheduled to be paid by the Company.
- Article 9: The Company's stock matters shall be governed by the relevant regulations of the competent authority.

Section III - Shareholders' Meeting

- Article 10: Shareholders' meeting can be divided into regular meetings and special meetings. Regular meetings are convened once a year and usually within six months of the end of each fiscal year. Special meetings may be convened according to the law when necessary.

 The meeting notice may be made by electronic means with the consent of the counterpart shareholder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a public notice may be made in lieu of separate notice in the case of shareholders with less than 1,000 registered shares.
- Article 11: If a shareholder cannot attend a Shareholders Meeting for any reason, it may designate another person to represent it by submitting a proxy that is printed by the Company, specifying the scope of authorization.
- Article 12: A shareholder of the Company shall be entitled to one vote for each share held, except in the circumstances article 179 of the Company Act. Unless otherwise stated in the Company Act, any resolution made by the Shareholders Meeting shall be made during a Shareholders Meeting attended by more than half of all shares and passed by the majority of voting rights in attendance.

Article 13: Resolutions adopted at a shareholders' meeting shall be recorded in meeting minutes signed by or affixed with the seal of the chairman of the meeting, and the meeting minutes shall be distributed to each shareholders within twenty days after the meeting. The meeting minutes under the preceding paragraph shall be made and distributed in accordance with the Company Act.

Section IV - Directors and Supervisors

Article 14: The Company shall have five to seven directors. The term of directors shall be three years. Directors are elected from the list of candidates and may be eligible for re-election.

In the aforementioned quota of directors of the Company, the number of independent directors shall be 3 (or more), which are elected from the list of candidates of independent directors in the shareholders' meeting under the candidate nomination system. In accordance with the relevant regulations of the competent authority, the professional qualifications, shareholding, prohibition on positions held at other companies, nomination and selection process and other matters of the Company's Independent Directors, are processed under relevant legal regulations.

The Elections for independent Directors and non-independent Directors shall be held concurrently but the respective voting rights shall be separately calculated to determine the elected independent Directors and non-independent Directors.

The minimum total number of registered stock of shares held by all Directors shall be subject to the requirements of relevant regulations.

- Article 15: The board of the directors is formed by the directors. The chairperson, who is to represent the Company externally, is elected by a majority voting of the directors present at a meeting of its board of directors attended by two-thirds or more of the directors of the Company.
- Article 15-1: To convene a meeting of the Board of Directors, a notice of the meeting shall state the reasons of the meeting and shall be given to each Director by 7 days before the meeting, provided that a meeting may be convened at any time in case of emergency.

 The notice of a meeting under the preceding paragraph shall be clearly stated in the written notices, e-mail, or facsimile. The directors who participate in the video conference shall be deemed to have attended the meeting in person.
- Article 16: In case the Chairperson of the board of directors is on leave or absent or cannot exercise his power and authority for any cause, his representative shall be selected according to Article 208 of the Company Act.
- Article 16-1: Unless otherwise provided by law or regulation, a resolution of the Board of Directors shall be made with the approval of a majority of the Directors present at a meeting at which a majority of the Directors is present. If a director is unable to attend a board meeting for

causes, he may issue a proxy to appoint another director to represent him at the meeting. The proceedings of a meeting of the Board of Directors shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. A director may accept only one appointment per meeting.

- Article 16-2: The authority of the Board of Directors shall be governed by the Company Act and the relevant regulations.
- Article 16-3: The Company shall establish an Audit Committee, which shall consist of all independent directors. The number of members, terms of office, authority, rules of procedure, and the resources to be provided by the Company when exercising its duties shall be separately regulated by the organizational rules of the audit committee.

The Audit Committee shall be responsible for those responsibilities of Supervisors specified under the Company Law, the Securities and Exchange Law and other relevant regulations, except for the matters of duties prescribed by Article 14-4, paragraph 4, of the Securities and Exchange Act.

The provisions of Article 14-4, paragraph 4, of the Securities and Exchange Act concerning provisions of the Company Act concerning acts done by supervisors, and the role of supervisors as representatives of the company, shall apply mutatis mutandis to the independent director members on the audit committee.

- Article 17: Directors of the Company shall be entitled to remuneration for their duties based on the level of involvement and value of contribution of each Director and by reference to the usual level of such pay in the industry, no matter whether the Company is in a loss or not.
- Article 17-1: In order to establish a directors' liability insurance system and to reduce the risks from the execution of duties by directors, the Company may purchase liability insurance for directors after each director is elected with respect to the liabilities resulting from exercising their duties during their term of office.

Section V - Manager

Article 18: The Company may have managers and their appointment, dismissal and remuneration shall be conducted in accordance with Article 29 of the Company Act.

Section VI - Accounting

- Article 19: The fiscal year of the Company shall begin on January 1 of each year and end on December 31 of the same year. After the end of each fiscal year, the Board of Directors shall prepare the following documents and submit them to a regular shareholders' meeting for recognition:
 - 1. A business report
 - 2. Financial statements.

3. A proposal for the distribution of profits or offsetting of losses.

Article 20: In the case of a profitable fiscal year, the Company shall allocate not less than 4% but not more than 10% to employee compensation, and not more than 1 percent as profit-sharing compensation to Directors.

If the Company still has any accumulated loss in a profitable fiscal year, it shall first set aside the amount to offset the loss and then allocate compensation to employee and Directors proportionately. When employee compensation is paid in stock or cash, the recipients include employees of the parent or subsidiary company who are qualified certain requirements. The term "employees of parent or subsidiary company who are qualified certain requirements" as used in this article, authorize the board of Directors to make separate provisions in accordance with the company law.

The above Director compensation shall only be distributed as stock or cash. The distribution of employee and Director's compensation shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting for resolution and report to the shareholders' meeting.

Article 20-1: In the case of a profitable fiscal year, the Company shall deduct the payment of all taxes required by law, the allocation of the 10 percent legal reserve (no such allocation is necessary if the legal reserve is maintained at the level of the paid-in capital of the Company), and the provision or reversal for the special reserve pursuant to law or regulation, and submit a proposal to a shareholders' meeting for resolution on the distribution of dividends to shareholders.

Article 20-2: When forming its dividend policy, the Corporation considers various factors such as its plans relating to current and future development, the overall investment environment, its financial needs, competition in the domestic and foreign markets, as well as the interest of shareholders. The earnings distribution proposal shall be prepared by the Board of Directors and be approved at a shareholders' meeting. If the Company plans to make distributions, the percentage of earnings to be distributed shall be no less than 10% of the distributable earnings for the year. Dividends shall be distributed in cash or stock, of which no less than 10% of the total dividends shall be distributed in cash, and no less than 10% of the total stock dividends shall be distributed in cash. However, if the cash dividend is less than \$0.2 per share, it will not be paid and will be paid as stock dividend instead.

Section VII - Supplementary Provisions

Article 21: In regard to all matters not provided for in these Articles of Incorporation, the Company Act shall govern.

Article 22: The Articles were enacted on December 15, 1978.

The first amendment was made on January 18, 1979.

The second amendment was made on August 1, 1979.

The third amendment was made on July 5, 1980.

The fourth amendment was made on August 14, 1980.

The fifth amendment was made on June 23, 1982.

The sixth amendment was made on August 19, 1982.

The seventh amendment was made on June 17, 1983.

The eighth amendment was made on August 1, 1984.

The ninth amendment was made on June 23, 1986.

The tenth amendment was made on April 24, 1987.

The eleventh amendment was made on October 29, 1987.

The twelfth amendment was made on June 30, 1988.

The thirteenth amendment was made on August 10, 1989.

The fourteenth amendment was made on October 2, 1989.

The fifteenth amendment was made on March 4, 1990.

The sixteenth amendment was made on April 15, 1990.

The seventeenth amendment was made on June 30, 1990.

The eighteenth amendment was made on April 27, 1991.

The nineteenth amendment was made on August 20, 1991.

The twentieth amendment was made on June 30, 1992.

The twenty-first amendment was made on August 6, 1992.

The twenty-second amendment was made on December 23, 1994.

The twenty-third amendment was made on May 20,1995.

The twenty-fourth amendment was made on June 22, 1996.

The twenty-fifth amendment was made on June 28, 1997.

The twenty-sixth amendment was made on June 19, 1998.

The twenty-seventh amendment was made on September 28, 1998.

The twenty-eighth amendment was made on May 22, 2000.

The twenty-ninth amendment was made on May 28, 2001.

The thirtieth amendment was made on June 24, 2002.

The thirty-first amendment was made on June 23, 2003.

The thirty-second amendment was made on June 15, 2004.

The thirty-third amendment was made on June 14, 2005.

The thirty-fourth amendment was made on June 14, 2006.

The thirty-fifth amendment was made on June 13, 2007.

The thirty-sixth amendment was made on June 13, 2008.

The thirty-seventh amendment was made on June 19, 2009.

The thirty-eighth amendment was made on June 15, 2010.

The thirty-ninth amendment was made on June 27, 2012.

The fortieth amendment was made on June 19, 2013.

The forty-first amendment was made on June 13, 2016.

The forty-second amendment was made on June 14, 2019.

The forty-third amendment was made on June 16, 2020.

(Appendix 2)

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD. Convention Rules for Shareholders' Meetings (Before Amendment)

	Convention Rules for Shareholders Wicelings (Before Amendment)
	Implementation Date: 22 June, 1996
	First amendment and implementation date: June 19, 1998
	Second amendment and implementation date: June 24, 2002
	Third amendment and implementation date: June 15, 2004
	Fourth amendment and implementation date: June 13, 2008
	Fifth amendment and implementation date: June 13, 2016
	Sixth amendment and implementation date: June 16, 2020
	Seventh amendment and implementation date: July 26, 2021
1	The rules of procedures for the Company's Shareholders' Meetings, except as otherwise provided
	by law, regulation, or the Articles of Incorporation, shall be as provided in these Rules.
2	A sign-in book shall be provided at the shareholders' meeting for the attending shareholders to
	sign in, or the attending shareholder shall surrender the attendance sign-in card in place of signing
	the sign-in book.
	The number of shares in attendance and voting rights shall be calculated according to the shares
	indicated by the attendance book and sign-in cards handed in plus the number of shares whose
	voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronically.
3	Attendance and voting at Shareholders' Meetings shall be calculated based on numbers of shares.
	With respect to resolutions of shareholders meetings, the number of shares held by a shareholder
	with no voting rights shall not be calculated as part of the total number of issued shares.
	When a shareholder is an interested party in relation to an agenda item, and there is the likelihood
	that such a relationship would prejudice the interests of the Company, that shareholder may not
	vote on that item, and may not exercise voting rights as proxy for any other shareholder
	The number of shares for which voting rights may not be exercised under the preceding paragraph
	shall not be calculated as part of the voting rights represented by attending shareholders.
	With the exception of a trust enterprise or a shareholder services agent approved by the competent
	securities authority, when one person is concurrently appointed as proxy by two or more
	shareholders, the voting rights represented by that proxy may not exceed 3% of the voting rights
	represented by the total number of issued shares. If that percentage is exceeded, the voting rights
	in excess of that percentage shall not be included in the calculation.
4	Shareholders' meetings shall be held at the location of the Company or factory or otherwise at a
	place convenient for the shareholders to attend and suitable for the holding of shareholders'
	meetings, and shall start at a time not earlier than 9 a.m. and not later than 3 p.m. Full
	consideration shall be given to the opinions of the independent directors with respect to the place
	and time of the meeting.
<u> </u>	<u> </u>

5	If a shareholders meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the meeting shall be chaired by the Chairperson of the Board of Directors. When the Chairperson by reason of leave or otherwise is unable to exercise the power of office, the vice chairperson shall act in place of the chairperson;
	if there is no vice chairperson or the vice chairperson also is on leave or for any reason unable to
	exercise the powers of the vice chairperson, the chairperson shall appoint one of the managing
	directors to act as chair, or, if there are no managing directors, one of the directors shall be
	appointed to act as chair. Where the chairperson does not make such a designation, the managing
	directors or the directors shall select from among themselves one person to serve as chair.
	If a shareholders' meeting is convened by any person, other than the Board of Directors, entitled
	to convene such a meeting, the meeting shall be chaired by that person. If the meeting is convened
	by two or more such persons, they shall select one of their number to chair the meeting.
6	The Company may appoint its attorneys, certified public accountants, or related persons retained
	by it to attend a Shareholders' Meeting.
	All staff members working at shareholders' meetings shall wear identification cards or arm
	badges.
7	The Company shall make an uninterrupted audio and video recording of the proceedings of the
	Shareholders' Meeting. The recorded audio and video materials shall be retained for at least one
	year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Company Act, the
	aforementioned materials shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.
8	The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed meeting time and announce relevant
	information such as number of non-voting rights and of shares present at the same time. However,
	when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares,
	the chair may announce a postponement, provided that no more than two such postponements, for
	a combined total of no more than 1 hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two
	postponements, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of
	issued shares, the situation must be handled in accordance with Article 175, Paragraph 1 of the
	Company Act. When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a
	majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolutions
	made previously for a vote by the Shareholders' Meeting in accordance with Article 174 of the
	Company Law.
9	If a Shareholders' Meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the meeting agenda shall be
	set by the Board of Directors; relevant agenda items (including extraordinary motions and
	amendments to original proposals) shall be voted on an item-by-item basis, The meeting shall
	proceed in the order set by the agenda, which may not be changed without a resolution of the
	Shareholders' Meeting.
	The provisions of the preceding paragraph apply mutatis mutandis to a Shareholders' Meeting
	convened by a party with the power to convene that is not the Board of Directors.
	The chair may not declare the meeting adjourned prior to completion of deliberation on the
	meeting agenda under the two preceding paragraphs (including extraordinary motions), except by

	a resolution of the Shareholders' Meeting. In the event that the chair dissolves the meeting in
	violation of the rules of meeting procedure, a new chair may be selected to continue the meeting
	with the approval of a majority of the voting rights of the shareholders present.
	After the meeting is adjourned, the shareholders may not designate another person as chair and
	continue the meeting in the original location or at a different location.
	The chair shall allow sufficient opportunity for the explanation and discussion of an agenda item
	or any amendment or extraordinary motion submitted by a shareholder, and when the chair thinks
	that any such item has been discussed sufficiently to put it to a vote, the chair may declare the
	discussion closed, put forward the voting, and arrange an adequate time for voting.
10	When an attending shareholder wishes to speak regarding a proposal up for discussion, he or she
	must specify on a speaker's slip the subject of the speech, his/her shareholder account number (or
	attendance number), and account name. The order in which shareholders speak will be set by the
	chair.
	A shareholder in attendance who has submitted a speaker's slip but does not actually speak shall
	be deemed to have not spoken. When the content of the speech does not correspond to the subject
	given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail.
	When an attending shareholder is speaking, other shareholders may not speak or interrupt unless
	they have sought and obtained the consent of the chair and the shareholder that has the floor; the
	chair shall stop any violation.
11	Except with the consent of the chair, a shareholder may not speak more than twice on the same
	proposal, and a single speech may not exceed 5 minutes.
	If the speech of any shareholder violates the above Article or exceeds the scope of the agenda
	item, the chair may terminate the speech.
12	When a juristic person is appointed to attend as proxy, it may designate only one person to
	represent it in the meeting.
	When a juristic person shareholder appoints two or more representatives to attend a Shareholders'
	Meeting, only one of the representatives so appointed may speak on the same proposal.
13	After an attending shareholder has spoken, the chair may respond in person or direct relevant
	personnel to respond.
14	The chair shall announce the end of discussion on a proposed resolution and proceed with voting
	when he/she feels there has been sufficient discussion.
15	Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the
	chair, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of the Company.
	The result of the vote shall be announced immediately at the voting place and shall be recorded.
16	When a meeting is in progress, the chair may announce a break at his or her discretion. If a force
	majeure event occurs, the chair may rule the meeting temporarily suspended and announce a time
	when, in view of the circumstances, the meeting will be resumed.

If the venue of a shareholder's meeting becomes unavailable for use before the conclusion of all agenda items (including extraordinary motions), the shareholders at the meeting may resolve to continue the meeting at another venue.

A shareholders' meeting may, by a resolution made under Article 182 of the Company Act, be adjourned to or resumed on a date within the next five days.

Each shareholder is entitled to one vote for each share held, except for restricted shares or for non-voting shares under Article 179, paragraph 2 of the Company Act.

When this Corporation holds a shareholder meeting, it shall <u>adopt exercise of voting rights by electronic means and may adopt exercise of voting rights by correspondence</u>. When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. A shareholder exercising voting rights by correspondence or electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person, but to have waived his/her rights with respect to the extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals of that meeting; <u>it is therefore advisable that this Corporation avoid the submission of extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals</u>.

A shareholder intending to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means under the preceding paragraph shall deliver a written declaration of intent to this Corporation before two days before the date of the shareholders meeting. When duplicate declarations of intent are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail, except when a declaration is made to cancel the earlier declaration of intent.

After a shareholder has exercised voting rights by correspondence or electronic means, in the event the shareholder intends to attend the shareholders meeting in person, a written declaration of intent to retract the voting rights already exercised under the preceding paragraph shall be made known to this Corporation, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised, before two business days before the date of the shareholders meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised by correspondence or electronic means shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail.

Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act, the passage of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders.

In the resolution, after the Chairman or delegate thereof announces the total number of voting rights represented by shareholders in attendance for voting on each issue, shareholders will proceed with voting on a case-by-case basis. On the day after the shareholders' meeting, the results of shareholders' approval, disapproval and abstention will be entered into the MOPS.

When there is an amendment or an alternative to a proposal, the chair shall present the amended or alternative proposal together with the original proposal and decide the order in which they will be put to a vote. When any one among them is passed, the other proposals will then be deemed rejected, and no further voting shall be required.

18

19	The chair shall direct the proctors (or security personnel) to help maintain order at the meeting
	place. When proctors (or security personnel) help maintain order at the meeting place, they shall
	wear an armband bearing the word "Proctor."
20	When voting for the directors in the shareholders meeting, the process shall follow the relevant
	rules made by the company, and the chairman shall announce the voting result immediately,
	including the list of elected directors with the number of votes and the lost directors with the
	number of votes.
	The ballots for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the
	signatures of the monitoring personnel and kept in proper custody for at least one year. However,
	if a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the Taiwan Company Act, the ballots
	are retained until the litigation is concluded.
21	Matters relating to the resolutions of a Shareholders' Meeting shall be recorded in the meeting
	minutes. The meeting minutes shall be signed or sealed by the chair of the meeting and shall be
	distributed to each shareholder within twenty days after the meeting. The meeting minutes may
	be made and distributed in electronic form.
	The Company may distribute the meeting minutes of the preceding paragraph by means of a
	public announcement made through the MOPS.
	The meeting minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day, and place of the meeting, the
	chair's full name, the procedures by which resolutions were adopted, and a summary of the
	deliberations and their results (including the number of voting rights) for director and supervisors
	elections, the number of votes for each candidate should be disclosed, and shall be retained for
	the duration of the existence of the Company.
<u>22</u>	These Rules, and any amendments hereto, shall be implemented after adoption by Shareholders'
	Meetings.

(Appendix 3)

TSC Directors' shareholdings & Minimum Shareholding Required

	٠	
	Ç	2
	ć)
	director.	
	÷	
•	ζ	
¢	+	
	C	
	٤	
	9	3
	Octor	ļ

	33,150,340	ordinary shares		31,949,340	ordinary shares		Total		
0.00.0	>		0/00.0			2071.011707	IVIA SIIU-CIIUALIB	O LOOONI	Director
%00 0	0	ordinary shares	%UU U	0	ordinary shares	96 20 1606	NOOO40 Ma Shii-Chiisna	N00040	Independent
0.00.0			0.00.0	0		07:10:1707	Sucres of man	000001	Director
%00 0	0	ordinary shares	%UU U	0	ordinary shares	96 20 1606	NOO030 I in Bo-Sheng	05000N	Independent
0/00:0	1,000		0/00:0			07:10:1707	1 411 11015-0114	070001	Director
%000	1 000	ordinary shares	%000	0	ordinary shares	2021 07 26	NOOOO Fan Hong-Shu	N000020	Independent
0.00%	0	0.00% ordinary snares	0.00%	0	2021.07.26 ordinary snares	2021.07.26	N00010 Jhan Cian-Long	N00010	Director
									-
2.56%	6,741,000	2.54% ordinary shares	2.54%	6,741,000	2021.07.26 ordinary shares	2021.07.26	UMC Capital Co., Ltd.	D00070	Director
5.62%	14,800,000	5.13% ordinary shares	5.13%	13,600,000	2021.07.26 ordinary shares	2021.07.26	TSC Auto ID Technology Co., Ltd.	D9000G	Director
4.41%	11,608,340	4.38% ordinary shares	4.38%	11,608,340	2021.07.26 ordinary shares	2021.07.26	Wang Shiu-Ting	A00010	Chairman
when public	Silaics	1 ype	when public	Silaics	1 ype			DOILIDA	
Percentage	Choroca	Ş	Percentage	Chowoo		Election Date	Name	Identity Number	Tittle
present	Number of shares held at present	Number of	ection date	Number of shares held on election date	Number of sh			145460	
Date: April 23, 2022	Date: A							•	Roster of director

265,085,486 Total public shares on July 15, 2021:

263,485,486 Total public shares on April 23, 2022: Minimum Number of shares shall be held by all directors of the Company according to law: 12,000,000

Notes: Shares to be held by Directors until April 23, 2022: 33,149,340

The company has set up an Audit Committee, so limitations on supervisors' holdings are not applicable

©The shares held by Independent Directors are not included in the number of shares held by Directors.

(Appendix 4)

(1) The Impact of Stock Dividend Issuance on Operating Results, EPS, and Shareholder Return Rate.

Unit: NTD Thousand ;EPS per share

		Ullit. N1L	Inousand ;EPS per snare		
			2022		
			(Estimated)		
Original Capital			2,650,854		
Dispatching	Cash dividend of e	each share (Note 1)	2.500		
dividend of this	Stock dividends or	n Common Stock per share	0.00		
year	Capital Surplus Tr	ransferred to Capital per	0.00		
	share				
	Operating profit		Not applicable(Note 2)		
Changes in	Increment(decline) rateof operating profit	Not applicable(Note 2)		
Business	compared to the sa	nme period last year			
Performance	Net profit after tax	X	Not applicable(Note 2)		
	Increment(decline) rate of Net profit after tax		Not applicable(Note 2)		
	compared to the same period last year				
	Earnings per share		Not applicable(Note 2)		
	Increment(decline) rate of Earnings per share	Not applicable(Note 2		
	compared to the sa	nme period last year			
	Yearly average Re	eturn on	Not applicable(Note 2)		
	investment(recipro	ocal of price earnings ratios)			
	The	Pro forma Earnings per	Not applicable(Note 2)		
	cash dividends	share			
	will be	Pro forma Yearly average	Not applicable(Note 2)		
Pro forma		Return on investment			
Earning and	Stock dividends				
Return on	of Common				
investment of	Stock				
each share		Pro forma Earnings per	Not applicable(Note 2)		
	doesn't transfer	share			
	to Capital	Pro forma Yearly average	Not applicable(Note 2)		
		Return on investment			
	• •	Pro forma Earnings per	Not applicable(Note 2)		
	doesn't transfer	share			

to Capital and	Pro forma Yearly average	Not applicable(Note 2)
cash dividends of	Return on investment	
Stock dividends		
of Common		
Stock be paid by		
cash		

Note 1: The proposal has not been approved by the board of directors.

Note2:According to "Guidelines for Disclosure of Financial Forecasts by Public Companies," there is no need for the Company to public the information about the 2022 financial forecasts, and therefore, there is no report of the 2022 financial forecasts.

(2) The Information Related to Employees' and Directors' Compensation

1. Amount and range of Employees' and Directors' Compensation

According to Article 20 of the Article of Incorporation, In the case of a profitable fiscal year, the Company shall allocate not less than 4% but not more than 10% to employee compensation, and not more than 1 percent as profit-sharing compensation to Directors.

If the Company still has any accumulated loss in a profitable fiscal year, it shall first set aside the amount to offset the loss and then allocate compensation to employee and Directors proportionately. When employee compensation is paid in stock or cash, the recipients include employees of the parent or subsidiary company who are qualified certain requirements. The term "employees of parent or subsidiary company who are qualified certain requirements" as used in this article, authorize the board of Directors to make separate provisions in accordance with the company law. The above Director compensation shall only be distributed as stock or cash. The distribution of employee and Director's compensation shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting for resolution and report to the shareholders' meeting.

According to Article 20-1 of the Article of Incorporation, in the case of a profitable fiscal year, the Company shall deduct the payment of all taxes required by law, the allocation of the 10 percent legal reserve (no such allocation is necessary if the legal reserve is maintained at the level of the paid-in capital of the Company), and the provision or reversal for the special reserve pursuant to law or regulation, and submit a proposal to a shareholders' meeting for resolution on the distribution of dividends to shareholders.

According to Article 20-2 of the Article of Incorporation, when forming its dividend policy, the Corporation considers various factors such as its plans relating to current and future development, the overall investment environment, its financial needs, competition in the domestic and foreign markets, as well as the interest of shareholders. The earnings distribution proposal shall be prepared by the Board of Directors and be approved at a shareholders' meeting. If then resolves to make distributions, the percentage of earnings to be distributed shall be no less than 10% of the distributable earnings for the year. Dividends shall be distributed in cash or stock, of which no less than 10% of the total dividends shall be distributed in cash, and no less than 10% of the total stock

dividends shall be distributed in cash. However, if the cash dividend is less than \$0.2 per share, it will not be paid and will be paid as stock dividend instead.

- 2. The board of directors approved proposal of the information about the 2021 employees' compensation.
 - (1)Distribution of cash dividends, stock dividends, and compensation of directors.
 - A. Cash dividend: NTD 2.5 per share, NTD 658,713,715 in total. Wait for shareholders' meeting's approval.
 - B. Stock dividend: NTD 0 per share, NTD 0 in total. Wait for shareholders' meeting's approval.
 - C. Compensation of directors: NTD 10,816,125.
- (2)Proposal of share-based compensation of employees and their percentage of the stock dividends of Common Stock.
 - A. Cash compensation of employees: NTD 64,896,750.
 - B. Stock compensation of employees: NTD 0, made up 0% of the stock dividends of Common Stock.
- (3) According to Article 20 of the Article of Incorporation, in 2020, 1% of the directors' compensation (NTD 10,816,125) and 6% of the employees' compensation (NTD 37,523,091) will be contributed and paid in cash.
- 3. The earnings that distribute to the employees' and directors' compensation in last year.

The Company submitted a resolution to the shareholders meeting on June 16, 2021, that 1% of the directors' compensation (NTD 6,253,848) and 6% of the employees' compensation (NTD 37,523,091) will be paid in cash. The distribution of employee compensation and directors' compensation is as follows.

Unit: NTD thousand

		2020)	
	The actual	The original	Number of	Reason of
	number of	number of	difference	the
	distribution	distribution	(Note 1)	difference
	submitted by	submitted		(Note 1)
	the board of	by the board		
	directors	of directors		
	(Note 1)	(Note 1)		
I. Distribution				
1.Employees' compensation in cash	37,523	37,523	0	-
2.Employees' compensation in stocks	0	0		
(1)Shares	0	0	0	-
(2)Amount	0	0	0	_
(3) The percentage of the outstanding shares	0	0	0	-
on the end of the year				
3.Directors' compensation	6,254	6,254	0	-
II. Earnings per share				

(Unit: NTD)				
1.Original earnings per share(before	2.29	2.29	0	-
the retroactive adjustment on 2019)				
2.Estimated earnings per share(Note 2)	2.29	2.29	-	-

There is no difference between the distribution in 2020 and the estimated number in Financial statement in 2020.

Note 1: There is no difference between the actual number of distribution that submitted by the board of directors and the number that supposed to be distributed which submitted by the board of directors originally.

Note 2: Estimated EPS=net profit after tax/weighted average number of outstanding shares

Estimated 2020 EPS= net profit after tax(NTD 537,242,310)/ weighted average number of outstanding shares(234,962,753)=NTD 2.29